THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

The variety of our customers is the best indication of our success in running the right kind of a drug store. We generally have everything they want, too. C. E. JONES, 30 Government St. Always open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 23 1894. No. 153

RINGS.

RINGS — Children's Rings, Birthday Rings, Friendship Rings, Engagement Rings, Wedding Rings — RINGS

In all the latest designs at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government St.

Phoenix Fire Insurance Company

(OF LONDON ENGLAND.)

FOUNDED 1782. STOCKHOLDERS' LIABILITY UNLIMITED.

The above Company, which has been established in Victoria since 1864, is one of the oldest and wealthiest English Companies. Since its establishment it has paid more than £19,000,000 in discharg- of claims for losses by fire. The undersigned, as agents, have full power to write polices, and settle all lossses and claims without refere erence elsewhere.

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,
FIVE SISTERS BLOCK. VICTORIA, B. C.

JUST

What you want, is just what we have. Ladies' Oxford Shoes, in Black or Tan Leather. These shoes are the proper thing for summer wear, and it's your loss if you don't see them.

A. B. ERSKINE, Cor. Gov't & Johnson Sts.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

Want Any?

....HANDKERCHIEFS....

If you do, a rare opportunity is afforded for the next few days by the

WESTSIDE.

Lot 1—26 doz.	Ladies'	½ in. hem stich,	15 in sq.,	White Silk Handkerchiefs	at 85c.	per ½ doz
Lot 2—47	"	½	" 18	"	95c.	"
Lot 3—18	"	1	" 16	"	$1.15	"
Lot 4—29	"	1¼	" 20	"	1.65	"
Lot 5—10	"	1½	" 20	"	1.85	"
Lot 6— 9	"	1½	" 22	"	2 00	"
Lot 7— 5	"	1 1-2	" 20	"	1.40	"

43 only, Ladies' Artistic Embroidered Silk Ties, at 50c. each, worth $1.00.

WHITE HEMSTITCHED CAMBRIC AND SWISS HANDKERCHIEFS.

A (250)—25 doz. Fine White 14 in. 1-2 in. hemstitched Lawn, 50c. per 1-2 doz.
B 238)—36 doz " 1 " 60c. "
C—30 doz. Initial, 1 in., hemstitched Cambric, 16 in., $1 per 1-2 doz.
D—22 " Men's, 1 in. hemstitched, 27 in., $1.25 per 1-2 doz
E—19 " Men's White Silk, 1 1-2 in. H. S., 60c. each.
F—15 " Men's Linen Cambrick, 1 in. H. S., 27 in., $1.25 per 1-2 doz.
G—30 " Men's Tape Border, Scotch Lawn, 28 in., 65c. per 1-2 doz.
H—50 " Ladies' Embroidered and Scolloped Swiss Handkerchiefs, at 50c. per 1-2 doz.
I—25 " " " " superfine emb'y, $1.25 per 1-2 doz.

At the above quoted prices we expect to clear off the lot in short order. For a good selection come soon. All other salvage goods are being sold at the very low rates recently prevailing.

70 Gov't St, Victoria, 14th June, 1894.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Four-holed, double-oven gas stove; nearly new. Apply to Fell & Co., Fort St. m23-3t

WILL EXCHANGE—House and lot, Victoria West, for vacant property near Oak Bay avenue. "Exchange," P. O. Box 505. j23-2t

Strawberry Festival.

The Ladies' Aid of First Presbyterian Church intend holding a Strawberry Festival and Sale of Surplus Talent Work on June 27th. All ladies having work on hand are kindly requested to bring it for sale. Admission 25c., for strawberries and cream and good programme. Doors open at 7:30. Admission free in afternoon to sale of work.

WELLINGTON COAL YARD.

RATTRAY & HALL

Sole Agents R. Dunsmuir & Sons' Wellington Coal.

OFFICES: 100 Government Street and 24 Store Street. Telephone No. 83.

Orders Must be Accompanied by Cash

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO., Auctioneers
Are favored with instructions to sell by
AUCTION
At their Salesrooms, Broad St.,
On Thursday, June 28th at 2 p.m.

A portion of the magnificent residential property at Mount Tolmie, Victoria District, owned by the Mount Tolmie Building Association, Limited, comprising about 60 acres, in parcels of 2 to 10 acres to suit purchasers. Also 40 large building lots containing about 1-3 of an acre each, and a new, modern 8-roomed house standing in an acre of ground, all of which will be sold without reserve. TERMS—1-2 cash, balance in 6, 12, and 18 months with interest at 7 per cent. Five per cent. discount for cash, when perfect title will be given. POSITIVELY NO RESERVE.

This is not an attempt to determine the value of this property in the open market, as the vendors know that, in hard times, any property is likely to be sold much under its value. But the Association have to pay taxes on a large tract of valuable land, and they have determined to place this portion of their property on the market at which it will realise in order to meet these obligations. Unlike mortgage sales, there is no upset or reserve price. Every piece of property offered, MUST BE SOLD. An opportunity to get a piece of desirable land so near a city, in a beautiful situation, at any price a man cares to offer, has never occurred in the province before.

For maps showing property to be sold, views of property, and full particulars, apply to
H. CUTHBERT & CO., Auctioneers,
Cor. Broad St. and Trounce Ave.

Mr. Benjamin (calling from window)—"Ikey! Ikey! Vot for you standt dere und let dot Yankee poy knock you all to bieces for? Vy don'd you run avay?"

Ikey—"I cannot run avay, mein faler; I am standing on a nickel."

THE PLAGUE INCREASING.

Such Are the Advices Received by N. P. Liner Sikh—White Soldiers Get It.

Two Cases Develop on the San Francisco Steamer Peru at Nagisaki.

The new Northern Pacific steamer Sikh, Captain Rowley, thirteen days from Yokohama, arrived in port at nine o'clock this morning. She was taken in charge by the Dominion quarantine officer and all of the effects of her Asiatic passengers were given a thorough fumigation. This operation consumed several hours, and it was late in the afternoon before the vessel docked. The most important news is of the plague. It appears to be spreading, despite every effort to stop it. The new cases at Hongkong average thirty a day and the death rate is terrible. Four cases among the British soldiers appeared in June, and about the same time two Chinamen on the Peru died at Nagasaki from the terrible disease.

The Yokohama Herald of Saturday, June 9, says as to the Peru:

The following was issued by the P. M. S. S. company this morning: "Notice—Owing to the S. S. Peru having been placed in quarantine at Nagasaki, her departure is indefinitely postponed. It is expected that she will leave Nagasaki on the 14th inst. Due notice of her departure from here will be furnished later." The Peru should have sailed from this on the 12th inst., but owing to a man having died on board en route from Hongkong, she was detained at Nagasaki for inspection, but was expected to leave to-day. On Thursday, however, another death took place on board, and the vessel will now have to undergo a week's quarantine there. The annoyance to business is of coure great, but under the circumstances the Japanese authorities are certainly justified in taking every precaution to prevent the disease obtaining a foothold in this country. Had the Hongkong officials taken the slightest precautions to prevent the plague from entering the colony, or even to isolate the first few cases which occurred there, they would have saved much mortality and expense.

The Yokohama Advertiser of June 9 says:

Though the cases reported from day to day prior to the departure of the last steamer from Hongkong do not show any substantial decrease, an impression prevailed that, as Mr. Francis expressed it at a meeting of the sanitary board, they had at last got a grip of the disease. It had become apparent by the 26th that the epidemic was due more to the presence of wagon loads of dirt in the various houses than to noxious gases in the public sewers, and surprise was expressed that such a state of things as has been disclosed could possibly have existed without detection, as well as that some outbreak of the kind had not occurred before. The house to house visitation was still being carried on regularly, one doctor from the Tung Wah hospital accompanying each party.

The Sikh's trip report is as follows Left Hongkong for Amoy May 29th at 1.10 p.m., arrived May 30th, 10.15 a.m.; left Amoy May 31st, 5.40 a.m., for Shanghai, arrived 11 a.m. June 3rd; left Shanghai for Kobe 9.50 p.m., arrived in Kobe June 6th, 10.40 a.m.; left for Yokohama June 7th, 1 p.m., arriving at Yokohama June 9th, 4 a.m., and after receiving imperial mails and passengers and 4000 tons of tea and general cargo, sailed for Victoria on June 10th at 8 a.m. The weather was generally fine, with mild westerly winds and fog. The meridian was crossed on June 10th. The names of saloon passengers are: Dr. Dorbeck, of Hongkong; Mr. J. A. Miller, Mr. Painter, Mr. and Mrs. George Duff and child, Mr. E. Manheimer, Mr. L. Nander Stegin, Mr. and Mrs. A. Bottenheim, Mr. M. Shanks.

The sealer Mattie T. Dyer was in Yokohama on May 9 with 915 skins.

ARCHBISHOP TACHE.

The Venerable Pioneer Prelate of the Northwest Removed by Death.

Winnipeg, June 22.—Archbishop Tache of St. Boniface, who has been on the verge of the grave for the past two weeks, died at 6.15 this morning. He was surrounded by the clergy, and was conscious to the last. The funeral will take place on Wednesday next. There seems to be little doubt that Rev. Father Langevin, parish priest of St. Mary's, will be his successor.

The Right Rev. Alexandre Antoain Tache was born at Riviere du Loup, Que., on the 23rd of July, 1823, and was the son of Charles Tache, a captain in the Canadian Voltigeurs in the war of 1812. Sir Etienne Tache, a noted politician, was the late archbishop's uncle. The archbishop received his primary education at the college at St. Hyacinthe and his theological training in the Grand Seminary at Montreal. In 1844 he joined the Oblates as a novice and in 1845 set out for Red river, where a career of great influence and usefulness awaited him. During the journey he was ordained Deacon of St. Boniface, at which place he arrived after a severe journey of 62 days. On the first Sunday after his arrival he was ordained priest by Bishop Provencher. He then pronounced his vows as an Oblate, having completed his novitiate. In the spring of 1846 the young priest was sent as missionary to the Indians in the far Northwest, his headquarters being at Isle a la Cross. By his kindness, faith and zeal he gained the confidence of the Indians in his mission field, who were exceptionally fierce and hard to deal with. Bishop Provencher, who had watched the career of the zealous missionary, chose him as his coadjutor. Father Tache then returned to St. Boniface and went thence to Rome for consecration. This was in 1849, when he was only 26 years of age. On his return from Rome he went once more to labor among the Indians at Isle a la Cross, where he remained until the death of Bishop Provencher in 1853. He then took up his work as Bishop of St. Boniface, in which the same qualities that had given him marked success as a missionary produced results even greater in proportion. The deceased prelate's connection with the events of 1870-71, arising out of the acquisition of the Northwest by Canada, are well remembered. He was entrusted by the Macdonald government with a settlement of the Red river difficulty, a work that was seriously complicated by Riel's murder of Thomas Scott while the bishop was on his way from Ottawa to Fort Garry. In 1871 Bishop Tache was made an archbishop, and at different times the see of St. Boniface was divided, the sees of St. Albert, Saskatchewan and Athabasca-Mackenzie being set apart. The archbishop was always the firm and able friend of the Northwest, for which he did much as a descriptive writer in addition to his work as a churchman.

AT OTTAWA.

The Writ Issued for an Election in West Hastings.

Ottawa, June 23.—Before leaving for Pembroke last night Speaker White issued his warrant for a new election in West Hastings, owing to the resignation of Corby. The writ will be issued to-day and the election will take place on the third or fourth of July.

The appointment of Mr. Bowser as chief landing waiter at Vancouver was gazetted to-day.

The trade returns for the month show a falling off in imports. For the eleven months they increased $437,000.

Mr. Corbould questioned Sir C. H. Tupper respecting the proposition to introduce lobsters into the waters of the Pacific coast. Sir C. H. Tupper said he had no faith in the success of the experiment, but would do what he could to secure it.

Sir John Thompson will introduce a bill to enable Supreme court judges fifteen years service to retire with a full allowance at 70 years of age.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Columbus, O., June 23.—Constable A. R. Taylor, of Judge Parson's court, is in deep trouble caused by a parrot which he holds under attachment at his house. The bird's vocabulary is positively low. The constable was recently married, and the bird's mixing up of his name and that of L. Page, its owner, is scandalizing. Taylor would kill the bird if he were not under bond for its safe keeping.

Indianapolis, June 23.—Ex-President Harrison has accepted a retainer from the street railway company to defend the suit brought against it by the city for possession of the streets. The city contends that its right is perpetual. The case will be tried before a federal judge, who was appointed by Mr. Harrison.

New York, June 23.—The organization of the Thurber-Wyland company is now an accomplished fact. It has been capitalized at $3,000,000. Mr. F. B. Thurber last night gave particulars about the new company which is to be called the American Grocery Company. Eighty per cent. of the stockholders, said the president of the late company, had consented to the plans of the reorganization committee. The president will be Mr. Moresalis. It was the addition of capital of Mr. Moresalis that finally settled the plan for reorganization. Mr. Moresalis is about 45 years old and made a fortune in Texas in the wholesale grocery business. He had no field there for his money and he came here and offered to take a large block of stock. It is proposed by the company to reduce expenses and consolidate the business. It will relinquish the manufacturing interest and confine its operation strictly, so Mr. Thurber says, to the wholesale grocery business.

Chicago, June 23.—Complaints against sharpers who are victimizing dealers in country produce in several states are coming by thousands to R. M. Little, of the produce exchange. It is estimated that the dealers, who operate in gangs and change their names and locations almost weekly, have within a year taken $200,000 to $300,000 out of the pockets of the confiding country shippers. They offer to buy goods outright and generally bid above the market price. Offers are made through circulars and some times one of the conspirators makes a visit to the country shippers and buys the goods. The shipper is given a Chicago address and all he receives in return for his stock is a promise of a check as soon as the goods are received.

Columbus, O., June 23.—Lilly Hall, an actress who met Jas. Cooley while filling an engagement in this city and subsequently married him in New York under the impression that he was wealthy, has discovered that her husband was a bigamist, having a wife in Union county, this state. After the marriage the couple took a European trip and upon the return, Cooley being out of money deserted his wife in New York. His wife came to this city two months ago to visit her sister, Fannie Hall, now filling an engagement here, and incidentally to look for her husband. It turns out that Cooley has been working an extensive scheme to defraud the United States pension bureau by means of false affidavits. He was recently arrested in Philadelphia and brought to Columbus. The affidavit charging him with bigamy was served on him in the county jail to-day where he was confined, by the deserted wife.

Shamokin, Pa., June 23.—Rev. Chas. Warmkassie, of Mahantongo Valley, committed suicide by hanging himself in a barn near his home last night. At about the time that relatives were cutting down the body his nephew, Elias Warmkasie, residing across the mountain at Carbona, was cut to pieces by a Reading railway train, which he tried to board. The suicide was one of the best known Evangelical ministers in central Pennsylvania. Two years ago his wife died. He was married again within a year but it is said that grief for his first wife and ill health affected his mind. He was 49 years of age.

New York, June 23.—Stocks opened weak; fractionally lower.

A safe blower—A politician who has just been elected.

THE PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS.

Nominations in Victoria and Other Constituencies—Elections by Acclamation.

No Contest in Esquimalt District—Messrs. Pooley and Higgins Elected.

The electors of Victoria will have only to chose between the opposition and government on election day. No independent candidates were nominated to-day. The nominations closed at one o'clock when Sheriff McMillan announced the names that had been proposed. The election takes place on Saturday, July 7. The candidates for Victoria city electorate district are:

Robert Beaven, 22 Vancouver street, no occupation; proposer, A. J. Langley; seconder, Chas. E. Redfern; assentors, John Macdonald, Alex Wilson and Geo. Powell.

John Braden, View street, plumber; proposer, Thos. Haughton; seconder, Moses McGregor; assentors, C. Williams, H. Clay and James Baker.

William George Cameron, 12 Birdcage walk, clothier; proposer, William Templeman; seconder, John B. Lovell; assentors, R. Hall, H. A. Munn and John Fullarton.

Arthur Howard Dutton, 112 Yates street, laborer; proposer, Wm. McKay; seconder, Wm. Templeman; assentors, Archibald Campbell, W. B. Bruce and J. H. Cole.

Henry Dallas Helmcken, 2 1-2 Belleville street, barrister; proposer, John Sebastian Helmcken; seconder, T. R. Hall; assentors, W. H. Ellis, John Robertson and James Baker.

George Lawson Milne, 400 Dallas road, physician; proposer, John Meston; seconder, David Hart; assentors, W. Templeman, A. L. Belyea and H. A. Munn.

Robert Patterson Rithet, 148 Humboldt street, merchant; proposer, E. G. Baker; seconder, Wm. Wilson; assentors, H. B. W. Aikman, John Dougall and Matthew T. Johnson.

John Herbert Turner, 1 Pleasant street, merchant; proposer, Wm. McKay; seconder, P. O'Reilly; assentors, W. J. Anderson, R. Lettice and M. McGregor.

A considerable number of electors congregated at the school house, Esquimalt. At 1 o'clock Captain Rant, returning officer, read the nominations, as follows:

David Williams Higgins, proposed by John Doran; seconder, Henry Croft; assenting, Arthur Hereward Ployer, Edward Milne, Richard Phillips, Ian Coltart.

Charles Edward Pooley, proposed by Thomas Sidney Dobbin; seconder, Gibson Roland W. Stuart; assenting, Robert Muir, Wm. Monteith, George Gillespie.

The returning officer then declared Hon. D. W. Higgins and C. E. Pooley elected by acclamation.

After the official proceedings Mr. John Doran was called to the chair, and after congratulating the newly elected members called upon Hon. C. E. Pooley, who said he had very little to say, as the electors knew his feelings very well; he could only thank them for the great compliment paid him. He looked upon it not only as a compliment to them personally, but to the government they supported. This government has their confidence, and as a member of the government he could assure the electors that they would always endeavor to retain that confidence and would also endeavor to carry out the policy they had adopted.

Mr. Higgins said it was incumbent on him to make a few remarks. He thanked the electors for the greatest compliment they could have paid him and Mr. Pooley. He liked a fight, but to his mind it showed that the government was to be upheld. He considered that their election by acclamation was a blow to sectionalism, and he was confident that a government that would keep the province as a whole instead of allowing it to be divided up into different governing bodies was the government to be supported. Regarding Esquimalt, people there had waited many years for a realization of their hopes. He felt that a change was coming over the aspect of affairs and that before long a change for the better in the financial world would bring prosperity to them. Regarding the British Pacific, he could only say that any reasonable scheme would receive his entire support and he would do all in his power to further the interests of a movement [illegible] building up of a vast area of country. A gentleman who was present had asked him to give his views on separate schools. He was opposed to any measure of that description, and would vote against it for all time. Going through the district, he was surprised and delighted to find so much land cleared, and double the number of schools had been erected. In conclusion he would say that he was a proud man to-day and most happy for the great honor conferred upon him. A few more remarks from the chairman brought the meeting to a close, and after a vote of thanks to the chairman, Captain Rant and his clerk, Mr. Phillips, the people dispersed.

Nanaimo, June 23.—The nominations of the different candidates took place this afternoon, and was of a very tame description. The following were nominated: Messrs. Keith and McGregor for the city, and Bryden and R. Smith for the north riding and T. Boyce and Dr. Walkem for the south.

A big meeting of the opposition takes place to-night in the opera house.

New Westminster, June 23.—J. B. Kennedy, opposition, and D. S. Curtis, government, were nominated to-day.

In Dewdney, LeFevre, government, and Sword, opposition, were nominated. Delta riding, Punch, government, and Forster, opposition.

Vancouver, June 23.—Government, R. Anderson, Edward Odlum, R. G. Tatlow; opposition, F. C. Cotton, Robert McPherson, Adolphus Williams; independent, Samuel Greer.

We should say that for longevity the best occupation would be that of a [illegible]

MASONIC GRAND LODGE.

Installation of the Newly Elected Grand Officers.

New Westminster, June 23.—The meeting of the grand lodge, A. F. & A. M., was continued yesterday morning, Deputy Grand Master McMicking presiding. At Thursday evening's session a resolution of condolence was passed to Mrs. Sillitoe in her bereavement, expressing the sympathy of the grand lodge and testifying to his lordship's abilities as a Mason and his work as a citizen. The first business of the morning was the election of officers and afterwards the reports of the grand secretary and grand treasurer were received. The finances are in a very prosperous condition. There are now twenty lodges working under the grand lodge, and the increase in membership during the past year has been 150.

The installation of the elected and appointed officers took place during this afternoon, being conducted by Past Grand Master J. S. Clute and P. G. M. Marcus Wolfe, of Nanaimo, as follows: Grand Master, R. B. McMicking, Victoria; Deputy Grand Master, Lacey R. Johnson, Vancouver; Grand Senior Warden, A. Charleson, Westminster; Grand Junior Warden, Rev. E. D. McLaren, Vancouver; Grand Secretary, W. J. Quinlan, Victoria (re-elected); Grand Secretary, H. F. Heisterman, Victoria (re-elected); Grand Chaplain, Rev. J. A. Logan, Chilliwack; Grand Tyler, G. A. Dow, Victoria; Deputy District Grand Masters: District No. 1, Victoria, Thos. S. Futcher; District No. 2, Westminster, W. A. DeWolf Smith; District No. 3, Kamloops, John Bannerman; District No. 4, Cariboo, H. McDermott; District No. 5, Nanaimo, John W. Coburn; Grand Senior Deacon, B. Williams, Victoria; Grand Junior Deacon, S. Jarrat, Vancouver; Grand Superintendent of Works, G. Cunningham, New Westminster; Grand Director of Ceremonies, John McAllister, Vancouver; Grand Marshal, W. H. S. Perkins, Nanaimo; Grand Sword Bearer, H. Walled, Victoria; Grand Standard Bearer, W. A. Matheson, Comox; Grand Organist, A. G. Spragge, Donald; Grand Pursuivant, A. W. Black, Vancouver; Grand Stewards, H. J. Bourne, Revelstoke; G. F. Gibson, Westminster; A. York, Mission, and C. F. Costerton, Spallumcheen.

A delegation of fifteen members of the grand lodge of Manitoba, which has lately been in session at Banff, arrived in the city at 3 o'clock this afternoon and proceeded in a body to the Masonic Temple, where they were received with grand honors. A banquet was given in their honor this evening, after a Masonic sermon in St. Andrew's church by Rev. E. D. McLaren.

PENITENTIARY AFFAIRS.

Royal Commission Opened Yesterday Morning.

New Westminster, June 22.—The royal commission to investigate penitentiary affairs opened this morning, Justice Drake presiding. All the officers of the penitentiary were represented by counsel. Justice McCreight was the only witness to-day. He gave evidence regarding the periods he had kept his horse at the penitentiary. He had usually paid $10 a month for the keep of his horse at Cariboo, Lillooet and other parts of the province, and had paid the same at the penitentiary. He first took his horse to the penitentiary on September 4, 1886, and had kept it there for various periods, some extending over several months, until last year. He always paid at the rate of $10 a month, and produced his diary and several cheques to prove payment. All the moneys were paid to Deputy Warden Fitzsimmons; he had never paid money to any one else. The first payment by cheque was made in 1890. Usually the amounts due were small and he paid in cash. The last payment was on May 3rd, 1893, when he gave Fitzsimmons $30 in cash. The horse was not kept there afterwards. He always though the amounts he paid were entered in the penitentiary books. He was never told he needn't pay for the horse's keep, and paid because he did not intend to take anything from the government without paying. The inquiry will be continued to-morrow.

REBELLION IN SAMOA.

Rebels Openly Defy the Forces of the Government.

Auckland, N. Z., June 21.—Advices from Samoa, dated June 14, reached here to-day. The British warship Curacoa and German warship Buzzard visited the locality of the rebel camp recently and informed them that in case ten chiefs and fifty guns were surrenderd no attack would be made on them by the government forces, and the rebels were also informed that if they resolved to reject this proposition and fight they were at liberty to leave their women and children on board the Curacoa and Buzzard. After some deliberation the rebels sent ten chiefs and fifty worthless guns on board the warships.

After the departure of the warships the rebels reoccupied the forts and openly defied the government troops. On the Sunday following the rebels fired upon a village where Chief Malietoa was supposed to be attending divine services, and advanced upon the village itself. The rebels, however, were repulsed by the government force with slight loss on both sides. It was evidently the intention of the rebels to attempt to kill Chief Malietoa, but he was absent at the time.

When these dispatches left Samoa skirmishes were taking place between the rebels and government forces, but there had been no severe fighting.

CABLE NEWS.

Colonna Divorce Suit—Yale Athletes—The Partition of Africa.

The Daily Telegraph, speaking editorially of the trip of the Yale athletes to England, assures them a hearty welcome. The writer thinks that the Oxford men are likely to win in the games, but warns them against over confidence, as "the Americans may make them take a back seat, as in yachting." The Telegraph adds that the Americans may feel assured of getting fair play and hearty sympathy from the English public.

The house of magnates of Hungary passed the long discussed civil marriage bill by a majority of four. The announcement was received with loud cheers.

Arthur Zimmerman, the American rider, won the international bicycle race at Florence on Wednesday.

[illegible] Colonna, daughter of Mrs. J. W. Mackay, [illegible] at Naples for divorce, and will appear in person at the trial.

Sultan Abdul Aziz of Morocco has ordered the payment to Spain of the indemnity promised by his father on account of the Melilla affair.

The Matin prints an interview with Dr. Arendt, the famous bimetallist and member of the Prussian diet, in which he urges a Franco-German alliance in Africa as the only way to keep England in her place. England's possession of the Nile valley, he declares, is much gloomier for France than the fact that Germany has re-taken her former possessions. England's imprudence in showing her hand in the Belgian agreement in regard to the Congo, he believes, has given an opportunity for the Franco-German alliance which he suggests.

If you are Going to the Country

Lay in a good stock of

"Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice.

No drink is so refreshing, invigorating and wholesome for the summer months.

Be Sure you get "Montserrat."

Why not try

WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT?

Doctors highly recommend it to those

Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,

as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.

PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

ONTARIO CROP REPORT.

Condition of Grain and Fruit as Reported on June 15.

Toronto, June 22.—The department of agriculture has issued the following bulletin showing the condition of crops in Ontario on June 15: The weather in June has so far been quite favorable to the growth of the crops and fruit. The frost has done some damage to the fruit. The grape vines have suffered quite extensively, and the peach trees were injured to some extent by frost. There is promise of only a fair crop. Apples are setting well and promise a good return.

Fall Wheat—This crop has stood the heavy rain and changeable weather much better than the spring crop. Throughout the province some lowlands have been flooded and the crops drowned out. On the very heavy clays there has been some damage, but on light and loamy soils very little injury has resulted. The reports for this time of the year are quite up to the average. The frost of the first week in June was felt to a very slight extent. The reports from all parts of the province are practically the same—that after the rain the wheat soon picked up and showed less injury than had been supposed. The present condition is fair, with the prospects of a crop up to, if not a little over, the average, with favorable weather.

Spring Wheat—There is but little spring wheat in the western part of the province, while in the eastern part the acreage is declining. The grain was sown in fine condition, and is now recovering rapidly from the extra rain. In many parts correspondents state that the rain did more good than harm. In the eastern counties about one-third of the spring wheat is utterly destroyed or is in poor condition; two-thirds may be said to be in fair to good. Less than usual has been sown in the northern districts. On the whole present indications are for a crop of about two-thirds of the average.

Barley has suffered quite extensively and is backward in growth, but at present is making very rapid progress, and with favorable weather will probably come up to nearly the average of the last two years.

Oats—The rains drowned out the crops on low lying fields. On higher lands and those under-drained little or no damage was done. At the time of the report the crop was making very rapid growth, and was very rank in the straw. Very few fields were baked by the hot sun; and, on the whole, the prospects were most promising, the only unfavorable reports being as to the lowlands. The crop on the whole is somewhat more backward than usual, but present conditions point to a yield fully up to the average.

HE'S WORKING NOW.

Chester Loomis Was Crippled With Kidney Disease—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him—They Were Never Known to Fail.

Newcomb Mills, June 18.—Chester Loomis, a well known farmer living near here, has for years been afflicted with kidney disease so badly that he could not sit in a buggy to drive to town. As he is sixty-nine years old he despaired of a cure. He tried Dodd's Kidney Pills, and they cured him. He has not done any farm work for years, but he helped to put in this spring's crops, and any one who goes to see him to-day will find him between the plough handles instead of laid on a bed or in an easy chair as he used to be.

Happy days and restful nights result from using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It so regulates all the bodily functions and strengthens the nervous system that worry and fatigue are comparatively unknown and life is truly enjoyed. It is certainly a most wonderful medicine.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Winnipeg's building improvements for the first half of the year totalled up to over $300,000.

At Fort Francis James Griffith, who ran a ferry above the falls, was caught in the swift current and carried over to his death. News has also been received of the drowning near Barwick of Mr. Waine, an Indian school teacher.

Lieut.-Governor Mackintosh has been unable to transact business at his office for the past twelve days. He is suffering from an attack of acute sciatica.

The Northwest Assembly is expected to meet in August.

The date of the banquet to be given by the Montreal board of trade in honor of the colonial delegates has not yet been fixed, but will probably take place at the Windsor on Thursday evening, July 5.

A cablegram has been received by Commander Booth of the Salvation Army from his father, General Booth, stating he is coming to Canada in November.

Frank More, of Rat Portage, an explorer, while intoxicated, fired a revolver twice at his wife. Fortunately both shots missed, and he was arrested.

It is given out that C. F. Ireland, late manager of the Silvester Bros. Manufacturing company, has been arrested in Seattle, charged with setting fire to the warehouse and office of that company a few months ago at Brandon. The authorities will apply for the extradition of the prisoner. Ireland came from western Ontario.

The Presbyterian General Assembly closed on Thursday night after the disposal of several Northwest matters.

Oshawa, Ont.

Pains in the Joints

Caused by Inflammatory Swelling

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

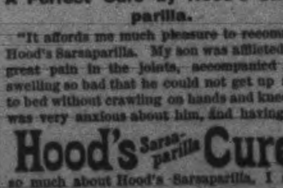
"It affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with great pain in the joints, accompanied with swelling so bad that he could not get up stairs to bed without crawling on hands and knees. I was very anxious about him, and having read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I determined to try it, and got a half-dozen bottles, four of which entirely cured him." Mrs. G. A. Lake, Oshawa, Ontario.

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

JOHN MESTON,



Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

W. J. HANNA,

Graduate U. S. College of Embalming

PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,

128 Government street

Private entrance on Pandora street.

Business strictly confidential. v19-tf

SAVE Money! Time! Labor!

—BY USING—

THE H. & K.

Self Cleansing Plate Polishing Cloth

NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.

The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.

Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.

The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.

Price 20 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.

For sale at—

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO., and WEILER BROS., VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

The Dead Advertise Not.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Via Revelstoke

TO

Robson,	Fort Shepherd,
Slocan,	Hendryx,
Ainsworth,	Nelson,
Balfour,	Pilot Bay,
Kaslo,	AND ALL

Kootenay Points.

For passenger and freight rates apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." — TONNAGE 1117

8 30 pm	Lv	MI	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass Agent, 121 First Washington, Portland, Or.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to C. A. RATTRAY, General Agent.

No. 4 Adelphi Block, Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. St. Paul, Minnesota

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, July 7th, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Mariposa....Thursday, June 28th, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. R. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P M

Walla Walla - - - June 27

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 17th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS	South Bound, Read Up: No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 3 Passenger Fri's, Sat's & Sundays	Miles from Wellington	Miles from Victoria	North Bound, Read Down: No. 1 Passenger Fri's, Sat's & Sundays	No. 2 Passenger Daily
Victoria	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Russells	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Esquimalt	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goldstream	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Summit Siding	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shawnigan Lake	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cobble Hill	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McPherson's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Koksilah	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Duncans	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Somenos	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Westholme	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chemainus	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oyster Bay Sid'g	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nanaimo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wellington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1100 Pacific Ave

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent. Tacoma, Wash.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria....................Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Comox..........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Union Wharf Thursdays at 8 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
Comox for Nanaimo...............Friday, 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria............Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdes Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria. [illegible]

KASLO'S SITUATION.

A View of the Town as Left by the Flood and the Storm.

Having wrought a terrible destructive work, the waters of Kootenay lake and Kaslo river are now receding. All danger of further destruction, save perhaps in one or two instances along Kaslo river seems to have passed. The vacated houses on the higher bench between Third and Fourth streets along B avenue have again been occupied. The main current of Kaslo river still follows the line of D avenue, nearly to the site of the destroyed bridge, whence it cuts across into its old channel or very nearly so. The banks, however, have been washed away, or the former river bed has been filled to such an extent that they do not appear. A subsidiary canal which threatens to increase, is also flowing past the end and front of the Noble Five bath house and into the lake along B avenue. There is danger that this stream my suddenly become the main outlet of the river and cause further destruction. It may happen under two or three contingencies. Meantime no organized, nor well-directed effort has been made to confine to a single channel the various currents into which the river has separated after reaching the comparatively level benches near its mouth. It is still allowed to flow in such an indiscriminate way as to separate residences and other buildings from the business part of the city, by several streams, when one would be ample for the flow. It appears, too, as if this outlet might be provided in such a way at moderate cost, as to bring the south-eastern part of the city into connection with the remainder without the necessity of a bridge. Responsibility for this state of affairs must rest somewhere. It is a little singular that no one can be found to take officially the necessary initiative steps. It certainly is not the duty of a private citizen. Yet if one does attempt something hints of injunction fly in the air. Along D avenue some of the houses, which remained comparatively uninjured, are being refitted and prepared for occupancy. Access to them is very difficult, as several streams have to be crossed in order to reach them. On the north side of this street the two or three houses which remain are not wholly out of danger, but are so firmly anchored by the deep deposit of sand and gravel on their floors that they remain in position. The river flows on both sides of them, the heavier current striking fairly against one, so that they are uninhabitable. On the north side there has been a deposit of sand and gravel as high as the fences that were in front of the houses, and the flower gardens have of course been ruined. Eastward of Third street the city presents a wretched appearance. Every building is more or less wrecked, and with few exceptions beyond repair. The hospital building might, perhaps, be restored, but it is surrounded with sand and gravel to the depth of several feet, and the floors are similarly covered. The site of the building has been entirely carried away, and one branch of the river flows over the lot. Several other building are also anchored in place, by the gravel which covers their floors. One building lies wrecked in mid stream, damming the water and diverting it upon other houses, and still another is prevented from falling upon its side by the depth of gravel and small boulders piled against it. The railway building and school house are comparatively uninjured, but have a thick deposit of mud and silt on their floors. The whole southeastern section of the city is stripped of its soil and resembles a gravel beach which the receding tide has left exposed. Third street, from end to end, is covered with debris of almost every kind, and as little by little, the water recedes, the shore is strewn with all kinds of stranded floatage. Floors, sections of roofs, outhouses, fences in panels almost whole, studding and floor joists, platform and verandahs, dormer windows and doors, and all the various parts that go to make up a well finished house, and a house less carefully built are indiscriminately mingled. Some of them are easily distinguishable, while of other buildings not a vestige has been seen. The court house must have been borne away before the gale, as no part of it has been found, nor have any of its contents. Portions of the bridge, twisted and broken, have been seen far up the lake, while the wrecked wharf and warehouses are stranded on the rocks within sight of the city. Large logs stretch their length along the centre of Front street, and as the receding waters leave it, the surface is thickly covered with drift stuff of many kinds. Efforts are, however, being made to remove the surplus, and soon the various stores and buildings will be re-occupied, and business will flow in its accustomed channels. The people are recovering from the rude shock, and are providing for themselves temporary residences and places of business.—Kaslo Times, June 16.

DISCUSSING DYKING.

Meeting at Chilliwack—Appointment of Three Commissioners.

Chilliwack, June 21.—A public meeting was held here last night to discuss dyking matters, G. R. Ashwell presiding. Col. Baker, who was well received, said the government was in communication with the federal authorities on the subject of redyking the Fraser. Several influential citizens had urged upon him the necessity of starting a dyking scheme for Chilliwack without delay, in order to give employment to sufferers by the flood; but he pointed out that it was impossible for the government to undertake any extensive work of that description until it had received the sanction of the legislature. If the people of Chilliwack desired to start local dykes in their municipality, they could only do so by working under the Dyking act passed by the legislature last session. They would find in that act all the machinery necessary for accomplishing their purpose. The government would have to reserve the right of superintending the construction of the dykes in order to secure their being erected in a substantial and effective manner, and would also require to have the option in the future of making the Chilliwack dyking scheme a part of the proposed reclamation work for the whole of the Fraser river valley. The people of Chilliwack must pluck up courage and not despair under the present difficulties. A few had been despondent and talked of leaving the country, but he was quite sure that the people of Chilliwack were not the men to run away from difficulties.

Mr. D. McGillivray suggested the appointment of commissioners under the provisions of the Dyking act. Messrs. Kipp, McConnell, Wells and Bamford also spoke to the same effect.

M. M. Gillanders made the suggestion that the work should be done in sections, each section doing its own dyking and he was in favor of starting it at once.

The Rev. Mr. Elliot thought that the previous speaker was wrong in his suggestion, and that it would be very selfish to build in sections. What was wanted was all to stand united on the question of securing one substantial reclamation scheme for the whole of the river.

After some frther discussion it was decided to appoint three commissioners under the act and the following gentlemen were elected to this important office: Messrs. A. C. Wells, Milton Gillanders and Alex McRae.

A vote of thanks was proposed to Col. Baker and the members of the government for prompt aid during the floods, in saving cattle and stock and supplying food and seed.

Mr. A. C. Wells then moved: "That this meeting place on record its condemnation of the article in the Daily Colonist of the 15th of June, stating that the seed and hay supplied by the government was not of good quality," which was seconded by Rev. W. Baugh-Allen and carried.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

LESS LABOUR GREATER COMFORT!

DOES YOUR WIFE DO HER OWN WASHING?

If she does, see that the wash is made Easy and Clean by getting her SUNLIGHT SOAP, which does away with the terrors of wash-day.

Experience will convince her that it PAYS to use this soap.

A Shield Against Summer Complaints.

Lactated Food Saves Babies' Lives.

A New Brunswick Mother's Testimony.

The daily use of pure Lactated Food conduces to safety, good health and happiness for the infants of Canada. Physicians declare that Lactated Food is a necessity for infants who are deprived of breast milk.

When this nourishing and life sustaining food is fed to the infant in summer time it shields and protects from all the fatal complaints that cut down so many poorly fed babies.

A New Brunswick mother who has used Lactated Food writes as follows:

"When my baby was born it weighed only four and a half pounds, and did not increase much in weight up to its second month. I was advised to use Lactated Food by a friend, and am happy to say it worked wonders. My baby girl continued to grow and increase in weight, and now, at sixteen months old, she weighs twenty-five pounds. She was not sick an hour during the hot weather last summer; I am sure Lactated Food was her great preserver. I wish every mother knew of the good qualities of this infant food."

POWERFUL DREDGER.

The Kind of a Dredger Needed for Victoria Harbor.

A Scotch paper says: On Thursday Messrs. William Simons & Co. launched complete with all machinery on board and ready for work a powerful twin screw hopper dredge constructed to the order of the Russian government for the port of Libau. It has a hopper capacity for 700 tons of dredgings and a bucket capacity to raise 600 tons of hard clay per hour. In addition to the usual endless chain of steel buckets for filling its own hopper and barges alongside when required, a powerful centrifugal pump is also provided for the purpose of discharging the dredged material on shore to make up land. Powerful mixing appliances are also provided on board for breaking up the clay and mixing it with water before going into the centrifugal pump, at the rate of fifty tons per minute. Auxiliary pumps are also provided for assisting the clay and sand along the shoots to fill the hopper or the mixer. The buckets are capable of cutting the vessel's own way in banks or shoals to 36 feet depth of water, and can be varied in speed from ten to twenty buckets per minute. The bucket ladder is adapted to recoil when the buckets come in contact with rock or large boulders. Friction appliances are also provided to prevent damage to the machinery. Steam mooring grabs are placed at bow and stern, each having three chain barrels to work independently. Steam stearing gear for lifting the hopper doors is also provided. The propelling engines are two independent compound surface condensing, with two mild steel boilers of 800 indicated horse power combined. Each engine drives its own propellers and drives the dredging and mud pumping gear independently. There is also provided steam starting and steam steering gear, repeating telegraphs, electric lighting, steam heating apparatus for the cold weather in Russia, and comfortable cabins for the officers and crew—well lighted and ventilated. A derrick crane is fitted on board for removing large stones, lifting anchors, and changing buckets, etc. The vessel on leaving the ways was named "No. 10" by Mrs. James Brown, Houston Terrace, Renfrew.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. tts&w

A Boon to Horsemen.—One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a curb from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused lumps, blood spavin, splints, curbs, sweeney, stifles and sprains. George Robb, Farmer, Markham, Ont. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

The danger of Milk.

Are you giving your baby cow's milk or any food requiring cow's milk in preparation? Any doctor will tell you that the worst forms of tubercular disease are conveyed through the medium of cow's milk. In this connection

Nestlé's Food

is invaluable, as with the addition of water only it is a safe and entire diet for infants.

A large sample and our book "The Baby" sent on application.

Thos. Leeming & Co., 25 St. Peter St. Sale Agents for Canada. Montreal.

is now for sale everywhere in the United States and Canada, as its use as a table beverage, in place of Tea, Coffee or Cocoa, has become quite universal. It Nourishes and Strengthens. If served iced, during warm weather, it is most Delicious and Invigorating.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 33 MILLION POUNDS. If he hasn't it on sale, send his name and your address to MENIER, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St John Street, Montreal, Que.

RUPTURE. More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents. Ill. book free. To overcome DEFORMITY. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

See the Brantford Racer

The Fastest Wheel in Canada. Manufactured by THE Goold Bicycle Co. LTD. Brantford, Ont. 89 YONGE STREET, TORONTO | 260 ST. PAUL ST., MONTREAL. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies —or— Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S BreakfastCocoa which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

TO THE ELECTORS —OF— Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen:—The general election now being near at hand, and being a candidate for re-election, I wish to place my views on some of the questions commanding your attention, as well as to intimate the line of action which I shall take and the measures which I shall, if opportunity permits, support and maintain.

The party now in power have practically held office for over eleven years. Their policy has been an indefinite one on many of the questions requiring consideration. At the last general election the Opposition advocated reform in the land laws of the province, and have been able to make some important changes.

The privilege of allowing speculators and non-residents to take up large tracts of land has been taken away and the lands are now available for actual settlers.

By the efforts of the Opposition the assessment of the wild land has been much increased; the ad valorem principle of assessment according to the land value, is now the law.

There are two essential matters yet to be carried out in connection with the encouraging of agricultural settlers. First, the surveying of available lands for such a purpose and giving the necessary information by the Lands and Works Department; second, the making of roads to such settlements, so that the farmer may be able to bring his produce to market—such a policy as this must be adopted in order to develop and encourage the farming industry of our province. By so doing we shall add much to our wealth and prosperity.

The railway policy of the Government has not been a business-like one. From the time of the grant given to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway down to the Nakusp & Slocan deal, the interests of the province and the welfare of the people have not been well guarded. On the one hand a corporation receives a large subsidy and an immense tract of land, free from taxation for ever; on the other, a private company is subsidized by guaranteeing the bonds to the full cost of the road as well as interest on the same for twenty-five years. One cannot but come to the conclusion that a Government policy of such character is likely to bring the credit of the province into disrepute.

Monopolies of any kind are to be deplored, but monopolies backed by Government aid and support are often the most difficult to overcome. Government aid to such an extent as has been given in the instances referred to, precludes other roads from being assisted or built. As an instance of this we recognize the difficulty the British Pacific Railway will have in dealing with the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway and its existing rights. Thus by the action of the present Government in the past it looks as if the province were at the mercy of ringsters and monopolists who are despoiling the people of their heritage.

I am opposed to the executive using its power to make large appropriations of money by special warrant for roads, streets, bridges, and public works, without first submitting such to the legislature. Such a course of action leads to favoritism and corruption and is not in accord with the principles of constitutional government.

I have advocated, and will continue to do so, the reduction of taxation on improvements and the abolition of taxes on mortgages. The latter impost presses doubly hard upon the borrower, and the repeal of this law would be in the interest and for the advancement of the province.

The practice followed on the eve of a general election of promising aid to public works and institutions by members of the executive should be condemned, as it is attempting to bribe the electors with their own money. The independent electors should answer this by sending men to the Legislature who will do their utmost to remove such ministers from power.

During the past four years legislation has been brought about, chiefly by the Opposition, in reforming the School Law. The residents of the cities have now greater power over the management of their schools, and more is yet desired in this particular. I shall use my best endeavors to bring this about, so that our schools may be free of all political influences.

I have also advocated further restriction on Chinese immigration and the employment of Chinese by any company seeking charters or grants from the Legislature. I have advocated and still maintain that a clause should be inserted in all bills giving such privileges or aid to prevent the employment of this class of labor.

I also have advocated the necessity of employing residents of the province instead of non-residents or foreigners in the prosecution of all works or contracts let by the government.

It is impossible in an address of this kind to touch on all questions affecting the province. I hope, however, before long to have the opportunity of addressing the electors in public meeting, at which time I will refer to matters more extensively.

Hoping that my past record as a representative in the Local Legislature has been acceptable to you, I again seek your votes and support.

I remain, yours respectfully,

G. L. MILNE.

TO THE ELECTORS —OF— Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen—As a candidate in the coming contest for legislative honors, and particularly as a labor candidate, I take this method of expressing some of the views I hold relating to the good government of the province.

I believe that heretofore, although workingmen have assisted largely in electing representatives to the legislature and parliament, their interests have not, generally speaking, been advanced or guarded; but on the contrary laws have been enacted whereby the greater burden of taxation has been placed upon the shoulders of the workingman, and monopolies have been fostered to the detriment of their interests and the country at large. Too many professional men and capitalists have made or influenced the making of our laws, and I believe that a remedy may be applied by workingmen being represented in the councils of our land by men from their own ranks—men who are not only in sympathy with them, but who are in touch with their necessities.

I believe that every man is entitled to an equitable share of what his labor produces; also that enterprise and ability to organize and direct labor to the accomplishment of large undertakings deserves special consideration, but not to the extent that it is often accorded by the governments of the present day.

I would advocate a reduction in the hours of labor, and consider an eight hour law should be established by the government and enforced on all government work.

Also the establishment of a provincial labor bureau for the purpose of gathering reliable information on the labor situation, so that intending immigrants may be made fully acquainted with the true state of the labor market in the province.

I believe that as a class the Chinese are injurious to the province, as they undoubtedly ridicule our religion and laws; introduce loathsome diseases and demoralizing habits; they trade exclusively among themselves and send what wealth they may acquire from our province to enrich their own empire. I believe the government should make every effort to lessen the evil which is the result of the presence of Coolie labor, and in the absence of laws similar to those in force in Australia, our government should, when granting privileges to companies and corporations, insist on a clause in the charters granted prohibiting the employment of Asiatic labor by such corporations or companies.

I advocate a liberal railway policy, feeling sure that we must have these most important highways to assist in developing the many latent resources of the province; but am opposed to the granting of monopolies in land for speculative purposes to companies to the exclusion of settlers.

I also believe that all religious questions should be kept out of our schools, being confident that the numerous religious institutions are quite capable of dealing with that matter.

I will more fully express my views on these questions at public meetings to be held. Hoping you can see your way clear to give me your support at the polls, I am, Yours respectfully,

ARTHUR R. DUTTON.

TO THE ELECTORS —OF— Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen,—As I am a candidate to represent you in the Provincial Legislature, I wish to give my views on some of the important questions of the day.

I hold that each man is entitled to all his labor produces; therefore, no tax should be levied on the products of labor.

The road tax, the provincial revenue tax, personal property tax, mortgage tax, taxes on improvements, and all taxes on useful trades and industries are unjust and should be abolished.

To carry out these principles, I am in favor of raising all public revenues for provincial and municipal purposes by a tax upon land values, irrespective of improvements.

This tax would lower rents, raise wages, encourage industry, equalise opportunities, and thereby benefit all.

The present electoral system gives unequal representation, and calls for legislative reform.

The monetary deposit now required from candidates for the provincial legislature should be abolished.

I am in favor of passing laws to exclude Asiatic labor from government works and prohibiting any further Asiatic immigration. When Chinese labor can be excluded from any works, by inserting clauses to that effect in charters and grants, it should be done.

I advocate a reduction in the hours of labor; an eight hour law should be established by the government and enforced on all government works.

I am in favor of establishing a Small Debts Court, to enable merchants and others to collect accounts with as little loss of time and money as possible.

I am an independent supporter of the opposition, because I feel they are inclined to go farthest in the direction of the reforms which I advocate; at the same time I wish it distinctly understood I am for measures and not for men.

As canvassing by a candidate is, in my opinion, contrary to the spirit of the ballot, it is not my intention to personally ask for votes. Trusting you may deem me a fit and proper person to represent you in the legislature, I hereby earnestly solicit your votes and influence. Faithfully yours,

W. G. CAMERON.

TENDERS WANTED.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $35,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

DO YOU WANT

To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
To let a house
To buy anything
To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low grade metals gives 20 per cent increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallizing, prevents blow-holes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 100 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $25,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Exhibition Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $100,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 4 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $300 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH ... tion; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($670) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, '94.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 129 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Pemberton, Gonzales Road.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynaecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. ju12-tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 423.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Masgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja8 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. 1-17

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S. oc9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. E. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET, L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER, Graduate Philadelphia Dental College. Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

THE

Bank Exchange

I beg to inform my friends and patrons that I have enlarged and entirely renovated the above-named well-known resort, and can now justly term it the cosiest and most attractive establishment on the coast. A competent Chef has charge of the kitchen and restaurant, which will be conducted on the German style. The new heating apparatus enables me to serve Merchants' luncheon always hot from 11:30 a.m. till 2:30 p.m. and all night after 6 p.m. at 15 cents. Bill of fare for luncheon includes Soup, Fish, Roast, Stew, and various vegetables, as per daily bulletin board.

Table d'hote from 6 p.m. at 50 cents, including beer or wine. Meals a la carte at all hours day or night.

Three handsome, quiet dining-rooms upstairs, suitable for private and family dinners, served at short notice and reasonable prices.

Direct importer of German Rhine Wines, French and California Clarets, Champagnes, Gilka, Kimmel, Bavarian, Carlsruher, Danish and Swedish Beer, etc.

Now on the way from Berlin, Germany, one of the Non Plus Ultra Concertinas, which proves such an attraction at the World's Fair.

G. C. SAUER. may29-tf

Notice to Builders.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, 4 p.m., 25th inst., for the erection and completion of Masonic Temple, facing Front street, Nanaimo.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Bonds in full amount of contract will be required.

JNO. TEAGUE, Architect. j19-2d (Colonist copy)

AMUSEMENTS.

THE ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY Will hold their

ANNUAL GATHERING

—AT—

Caledonia Park, Beacon Hill,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 4th JULY

The programme will consist of the Caledonian Games of Auld Scotia, the latest amusing novelty races, races for amateurs only, for which handsome gold and silver medals and cups are offered, and a grand tug-o'-war.

In the evening dancing on the spacious platform will take place, for which the best of music will be furnished.

The grounds will be splendidly decorated and during the evening illuminated. Refreshments can be had on the grounds.

Programmes of Sports, etc., will be published in a few days. Every lady on entering the grounds will receive a ticket for the GRAND TOMBOLA, to be drawn at the conclusion of the Sports, the prizes for which will be on exhibition in the window of T. N. Hibben & Co., Government street.

Admission 50c.; children under 12, 25c.

j21 EDWIN C. SMITH, Secretary.

Farmers' Picnic

SOUTH SAANICH.

The annual picnic will be held in the Agricultural Park on

MONDAY, 2ND JULY,

Beginning at 10 o'clock a.m. Lunch will be provided at 50c. Dancing and games; good music.

Admission free and everyone is invited.

STRAWBERRY SOCIAL.

Will be held in Temperance Hall, Pandora street, Saturday evening, June 23rd. Chair will be taken at 8 o'clock by Dr. Ernest Hall. Good programme. Admission, 25 cents.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A live boy for insurance office. Box 126. j21-3t

WANTED—A properly qualified nursery governess willing to assist with household work. Apply X.Y.Z., Times office. j19-1w

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

FOR SALE.

CARRIAGE HORSE AND DOG CART for sale. J. W. Mellor. j19

SIXTEEN FOOT SAIL BOAT, nearly new, for sale. Mellor, Fort St., above Douglas.

FOR SALE—The staunch little schooner Hesperus, register 20 tons. Apply Wm. Turpel's shipyard. j2-1m

FOR SALE OR TO LET—An Ennis & Co., Piano on easy terms. Apply, 42 John St., Rock Bay. m31-1m

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

TO LET.

PIANOS—To let. 76 Princess Ave. 6-15-2w

TWO STORY HOUSE with garden to let—Ten minutes' walk from postoffice; would furnish for a good tenant. For particulars address P. O. box 595. jun8-tf

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

INCORPORATED 1890.

The fourth annual meeting of the DONORS and SUBSCRIBERS to the institution will be held at the City Hall on Friday, the 29th June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Business: Receiving the annual report of the president and directors and the treasurer's statement for the year ending 1st June, likewise the election of directors.

In accordance with the Act of Incorporation the following six directors retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election: J. S. Yates, E. C. Baker, Alexander Wilson, Chas. Hayward, H. Helmcken and William C. Ward.

In accordance with the Act of Incorporation the following six directors were re-elected at the annual meeting on 30th June, last year, for a term of two years and are therefore still in office: George Byrnes, Joshua Davies, William M. Chudley, A. C. Flumerfelt, F. B. Gregory and E. A. McQuade.

All DONORS of money and SUBSCRIBERS are eligible to vote for the election of directors.

H. M. YATES, Secretary, Care Yates & Jay, Bastion street. Victoria, B.C., 11th June, 1894.

P.S.—According to the new act of the local parliament DONORS and SUBSCRIBERS can vote for four members only; the City Council nominate five (5), the local government three (3), and the French Benevolent Society three (3), making a total of fifteen directors.

JOSEPH SEARS,

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.

114 Yates Street.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier to any part of the city per week.................25 cts

By mail to any part of the world, per year.......................$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS.

When you wish to have your address changed, please give former as well as new address.

The Daily Times.

LIKE MASTER LIKE ORGAN.

With its usual fat-wittedness the Colonist makes another reference to the letter episode at New Westminster, and of course, instead of trying to defend the premier from the charge of dishonesty, it makes an attack on the Times. Fortunately the organ's attacks are rendered harmless by its want of teeth, or the Times would long since have been torn to pieces. In this case our neighbor for the second time elects to ignore the report of Mr. Davie's speech in the News, the government organ at Westminster, wherein the following sentence appeared: "Mr. Davie then proved Mr. Brown in a deliberate lie in an assertion that a letter was read in the house, which, after a long while the deceased member was unable to find." We assumed in the first place that the government organ's report was correct, a most reasonable assumption. We have since said that if we assume its correctness as regards the reading of the letter in the house, there still remains the fact that Mr. Davie challenged Mr. Brown to read the letter from the journals, when he knew the letter was not there. The premier's object was evidently to create the impression that the letter was not read in the house, and to seek to create that impression indirectly was even more dishonest than to offer a direct denial. In short, the premier was guilty of a "suggestio falsi," just as the Colonist is now in misrepresenting what the Times has said on the subject. It is equally hard for the premier and the organ to stick to the truth.

A CHANCE FOR ENTERPRISE.

An American paper extracts from a report of Consul Mason, of Frankfort Germany, an interesting discription of the new process whereby electricity is employed in the smelting of iron. The smelting or casting is effected by electric heat under the influence of rarefied air, and is performed at a reduction of 50 per cent. in the present cost of casting iron, and other metals, besides a saving in time and an important gain in the character of the product, the castings being free from oxidation and blow holes. Mr. Mason describes the apparatus as consisting of an airtight furnace which is lined with glazed firebrick and has its hearth connected with molds into which the fused metal flows in obedience to the law of gravitation. The firebrick lining forms an efficient insulation, and the electric current is sent through the charge directly without the use of any fuel or the employment of carbon electrodes. The fused metal [illegible] seeming to be melted away from the refractory element. The continued exhaustion of the air and the produced gases increases the fluidity of the molten metal, preventing oxidation and blistering, and permitting the production of castings which are dense within, smooth outside, and possessing the highest mechanical qualities. In a small experimental furnace a ton and a half of pig iron was smelted in fifteen minutes by a current of 30,000 amperes and 50 volts, or about 2,000 horsepower. The remarkable thing about this process appears to be that no fuel is required. Using the language of the unphilosophical man who regards electricity as a material fluid, one may say "the electricity is pumped in" upon the cold metal, warms it up to its work, and effects the separation without the aid of other heat than that given by the current, though that may be obtained from a waterfall. So that the possibilities of the new process must be immense if it be all that is claimed for it. It is pointed out that this process for the production of pig iron and steel must be especially valuable in places where water power is abundant. Since it is estimated that the process will require 30 to 50 per cent. less fuel than the present one, where steam is used to generate the electricity, with a corresponding economy of production, the greater saving to result from the use of water power will be easily apparent. It appears to us that the invention of the process opens up a great field for enterprise in connection with British Columbia iron deposits, especially those at Sooke. There the ore is found at the water's edge, where it can be loaded directly on vessels. A few miles inland the Sooke and Leach rivers offer unlimited water power, which could be used most advantageously to generate electricity and transmit it to the sea shore in the immediate vicinity of the iron ore deposits. If the new process is anything like so successful as Consul Mason represents it, there can be no doubt about it being used with the greatest advantage at Sooke. In fact, there is probably no place in the world where the facilities are combined so remarkably. Here, it seems to us, is an idea which could be developed by the owners of the Sooke mines, with great profit to themselves and to the province.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Rev. Mr. Chestnut at Westminster and Rev. Mr. Maxwell at Vancouver have spoken against the government. The World takes revenge by playing on the former's name and calling the latter an ass. The Vancouver organ is just stupid enough to be unable to see that it is thus hurting its own cause.

Mr. Turner is going to hold five meetings in Delta district and Mr. Davie two. Evidently the ministers are great danger of Mr. Forster being elected unless some extra effort is made against him. They will not do much towards accomplishing his defeat.

The Colonist makes a great ado because the government appointed a polling place for Pemberton Meadows after its intention of omitting one was exposed. There is every reason to infer from the circumstances that its first idea was to disfranchise the electors of that district.

It seems that in Westminster government emissaries are going around telling certain voters that their ballots will be examined, and that if they vote opposition they will be sure to lose their places. The same practice is resorted to elsewhere. We need say nothing of the vileness and immorality of such tactics; the intimidator is rightly held in abhorrence by every man of decency. But voters will need to be in no way afraid, for government emissaries cannot find out how they vote. They may deposit their ballots in perfect confidence that no man can know how they vote unless they choose to tell it themselves.

THAT LIGHT SITE.

To the Editor: Kindly allow space to review the electric light question, seeing that the public have been led to believe that the council have acted against the interests of the city in their selection of a site for electric lighting purposes. The proposition on which I have been working for the last six months is to generate electricity by the water of Sooke lake, and by putting in an incandescent with an arc light plant the city could be lighted free of all cost to the ratepayers, without having to charge exorbitant rates for private lighting and for motor power for small establishments. My proposition was, and would still be to build the city line at once, and utilize the present machinery for the winter, which would, according to Superintendent Stickles' report, increase the lighting capacity to nearly double, the loss he claims by bad wiring, etc., to be fifty per cent. This would be doing nothing that would have to be undone, and at the next meeting of the legislature, get the same powers for electric light that the city now has for waterworks purposes. If we have no interest in the city's welfare, I at least went to the expense of a carriage for two days to drive two of the aldermen to see the water site at Sooke lake, including the chairman of the electric light committee, who expressed themselves as being pleased with the possibilities, but recommended that a private company take control, build the line and sell it to the city, instead of the city taking control, getting to itself all advantages to be derived therefrom. It is reasonable to suppose that if a private company could afford to expend a large amount of money for which they would have to pay a high rate of interest and earn a fair profit for their investment, it would be a good proposition for the city to entertain at first cost; but strange to say, these two members of the council were the only two to vote against the site selected by the majority of the council, any report to the contrary notwithstanding.

My reason for [illegible] as follows: It is away from the residential part of the city, with its smoke and noise, which is a mighty consideration in cases of sickness—where invalids are prevented from sleeping. It is the most central property available, therefore easier and cheaper lined. It is the deepest and best waterfront inside of the railroad bridge, if not in the whole harbor. The price asked per lot is lower than most of the tide land offered along Work street, being only $6,150 per lot, the city virtually getting a frontage of four lots for wharf purposes by buying the two, with the advantage of streets on two sides, whereas the site on Rock Bay is not a waterfront lot but has a street mapped out in front of it which some day will be utilized as such. The city is in want of such a wharf as mentioned by Alderman J. K. Wilson, for many purposes, such as the landing of the hundreds of tons of pipe, etc., on which a saving will be effected not only of wharfage but of drayage from the wharf to some other storing place. The coal business has narrowed down to a monopoly, which may result in the city getting its $2.70 per ton, as it has been doing when competition was permitted, and it is the business of the council to make their moves to meet contingencies. The council of one day did not appear to think that ever a traffic bridge would be required in connection with the E. & N. R. R., and permitted rights to lapse which will cost in the near future many thousands of dollars to regain. One council regarded the tramway as a harmless creature and allowed a charter to be granted unprecedented in scope and in a way not only detrimental to the keeping of the streets but to the tramway as well. Goldstream was allowed to go out of sight, and last but not least the very alderman who has accused his brother councillors of bolstering up a certain real estate agent, was the first to recommend that the abundant and beautiful waters of Sooke Lake take the same course of monopoly. Further, this same councillor should be the last to find fault with the board for paying $12,300 for two lots with the best frontage, when he himself was the first to recommend one single lot in the ravine at the foot of Johnson street, which would cost more for foundation and filling than to take the rock from the two lots on Telegraph St., besides being hemmed in by the piling of the E.&N.R.R. in front and on one side, and being at the mouth of Johnson street sewer, which would work destruction to the condensing machinery, but strange to say there was plenty of money to buy this single lot with all its disadvantages for the sum of $13,000.

It is not wise to make public mention of many things that are said and done in private session, seeing that one may have the best motive for doing and saying thing which with a little color will lead the public into dangerous conclusions, but seeing that some have resorted to this end it is only right that all sides of the question be heard.

Referring to the assertion that the members who voted for the site to be purchased were voting away the people's money, I would state that Alderman James Baker and myself went to the expense of taking both the city engineers out to take certain levels. They were delighted with what they saw, and as soon as there is money available Alderman Baker intends moving that a survey be made, with certain effects in view.

W. J. LEDINGHAM.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

Meetings Arranged For—Mr. Wardle not the Man for Yale.

Minister Turner is announced to address public meetings as follows: Ladner's Landing, June 26th, at 8 p.m.; Elgin, 10 a.m., and Surrey Centre, 3 p.m., Wednesday, 27th; Otter Hall, 10 a.m., and Fort Langley, 8 p.m., Thursday, 28th; Chilliwack, 7 p.m., Friday. Premier Davie will hold public meetings at Surrey, 1 p.m., and Fort Langley, 8 p.m., Tuesday, July 3rd.

J. M. Duval, of Vancouver, has been speaking at Vernon in the interests of Mr. Graham.

A Hope correspondent writes in reference to West Yale: "Now, what we want to know is, when or where did Mr. Wardle gain his immense popularity? We never heard of it here, and I don't think Mr. Davie ever did, or he would not have written to Mr. Wardle to withdraw and let a stronger man run. Now, I never thought Mr. Wardle had any idea he could beat Mr. Semlin. I thought he was like the school boy, only running for fun, or else for the purpose of defeating the government. It is not long since he was very hostile against the government, and now he is posing as a government candidate. It is my opinion that after the election is over, the World will find out that they were puffing the wrong man, and, if Mr. Wardle should be so successful as to save his two hundred dollars, he will be heartily congratulated."

Knights of Pythias.

Far West lodge, No. 1, will confer the rank of page on two candidates at the next regular meeting. At the first regular meeting in July the officers of this lodge will be installed. The parade and general badges arrived on Friday last.

The local lodges appointed committees to arrange for decorating graves of deceased knights. Grand Chancellor J. C. Byrne has authorized the Victoria knights to hold the ceremony of decorating graves on Sunday, 1st July. At the meeting of the decorating committee, held last evening, the following members were present: H. Pettigrew and J. Myers from Far West lodge, No. 1; Past Chancellor E. E. Leason and D. McDougall, representing Sunset lodge, No. 10; Thos. Deasy and George S. Moss, from Victoria division, No. 2, uniform rank. Past Chancellor Leason occupied the chair and Past Chancellor Deasy was selected as secretary. Victoria lodge, No. 17, will be requested to assist the members of Far West and Sunset lodges. The knights will meet in Ross Bay cemetery at 2 o'clock p.m. on Decoration Day. Decorations and flowers will be received at the fire halls on Saturday, 30th June.

The general committee held a meeting on Tuesday evening and finished up the business in connection with the reception of Supreme Chancellor Blackwell and the grand lodge. A vote of thanks was tendered Past Chancellor A. Rusta and D. McIntosh for their work in connection with the reception and entertainment of the visitors.

The excursion committee reported at the last meeting of Far West lodge, No. 1. The various lodges will receive the sum of $86.75 each from the sale of tick[illegible] Chancellor Commander P. J. Hall for the manner in which the arrangements were carried out by the committee.

It is understood that the Knights of Pythias will hold an excursion to Tacoma at the opening of the inter-state fair. Pythian Day will be one of the features of the fair.

Marine.

The Empress of Japan will leave on Monday for Yokohama and other Asiatic ports.

The steamship Worrimoo sailed from Sydney on Monday last with 30 cabin and 60 steerage passengers and a fair freight cargo from Australian points.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

ATHLETICS. FIELD SPORTS.

Yesterday afternoon at Beacon Hill the annual athletic sports of the college took place. The entries were many, and most of the events were keenly contested. Both masters and boys evidently deserve credit for the sportsmanlike enthusiasm and good athletic form displayed. The following are the chief events:

100 yards (over fifteen) G. Wilson first, Erb second, J. Rithet third; time 12 1-2 seconds. A good race, Wilson winning by three feet.

100 yards (under fifteen), Keating first, H. Wilson second, Norton-Taylor and R. Fell third; time, 12 7-8 seconds. Keating and Wilson ran splendidly, Fell and Norton-Taylor tieing for third place.

100 yards (under twelve), J. Lawson first, H. Keating second, Gillespie, J. Keating and Brownlee third; time, 14 seconds.

250 yards (over fifteen), G. Wilson first, J. Rithet second, A. Goward third; Peters fourth; time, 33 3-4 seconds. This was a close race, a foot and a half separating Wilson and Rithet, while Goward and Peters finished close behind.

250 yards (under fifteen), A. Keating first, H. Wilson second, Norton-Taylor third; time, 35 seconds. Keating led from the start, and though Norton-Taylor and Wilson made a good spurt they were unable to pass him.

Long jump (over fifteen), Marpole, Higgins, G. Wilson, 15 feet 10 inches; Goward and Erb, 15 feet 2 inches.

Long jump (over twelve), H. Wilson, 13 feet 6 inches; Fell, 12 feet 10 inches; Bone, Mitten and Goodacre, 12 feet 2 inches.

Long jump (under twelve), N. Wilmot, 10 feet 1-2 inch.

High jump (over fourteen), Erb and Goward, 4 feet 8 inches; Rithet, Wilson and Marpole, 4 feet 6 1-2 inches; Higgins, Grahame and Keating, 4 feet 3 inches.

High jump (under fourteen), Fell, 3 feet 9 1-2 inches; H. Wilmot, 3 feet 9 inches; W. Wilmot, 3 feet 8 inches; Bone and Nesbitt, 3 feet 7 inches.

Half mile (over fifteen), G. Wilson first, Higgins second, Rithet third. This was a capital race, Wilson winning by a fine spurt, and the next four boys were level within 25 yards of home.

Half mile (under fifteen), Keating first, LeNeven second, Brownlee third. This was the most popular victory for the youngest boy in the college, who won by ten yards clear, and was greeted with the college call thrice repeated.

Pole jump, Marpole first, 7 feet; Wilson second, Erb third. Marpole vaulted well, the ground being hard and difficult.

Jockey race, Higgins and J. Keating first, Wilson and Brownlee second, Marpole and H. Wilmot third.

Throwing the cricket ball, Marpole 88 yards, G. Wilson 87, Goward 86.

Hop, step and jump over fourteen, G. Wilson, 35 feet 5 inches; Marpole, 33 feet 1 inch; Goward, 32 feet 7 inches.

Hop, step and jump (under fourteen), Wilson, 29 feet 2 inches; Mitten, 28 feet 4 inches; R. Goodacre, 27 feet.

Tug-of-war, Master's house v. day boys, resulting in a win for the latter; while the house possibly had the weight, the day boys had the agility.

Tug-of-War, James Bay v. City—James Bay won in both the sixth and fifth and fourth and third forms.

THE RING. CORBETT AND FITZSIMMONS.

New York, June 23.—Jackson appears to have been entirely forgotten during the past few days; indeed, a club manager seems to think he has abandoned all thoughts of meeting Corbett. They are all after Fitzsimmons now. Two offers have already been made for such an engagement. The following from business men in Cresent City, who represent a syndicate, was received yesterday by the sporting editor of a morning paper: "Offer $25,000 for Fitzsimmons and Corbett; will deposit cash in bank as soon as articles are signed. (Signed) Anderson and Heller."

YACHTING. A CHANGE OF NAMES.

Charles Godson has changed the name of his yacht from the Rosa Henley to the Irene. He, with a party of friends, took his first cruise in her yesterday afternoon. There was a very fair breeze blowing, and while she did not show any speed in particular, she behaved like a first-class sea boat. She is out this afternoon for the fortnightly races and will participate in the big regatta at Bellingham Bay on July 4. She will leave a few days before the regatta and cruise over to the bay.

BASEBALL. VICTORIA AT TACOMA.

Manager Schultz, of the Victoria combination team, has received an invitation to come to Tacoma on July 4th, and play a match with the Vivendi club. The invitation will very likely be accepted and [illegible] If the Victoria boys play their regular game they will bring home a victory. The latest project in baseball is to make up two good teams and play some local matches. The second team will be made up by having Mr. Schultz pitch, and pressing Messrs. Burnes, Duck, Scott and Williams back in the service. Baseball is in good shape here now; the players are enthusiastic, and the game will almost surely boom this season.

"Robert, dear, how do you suppose those dozens and dozens of empty bottles ever got into the cellar?"

"Why, I don't know, my dear; I never bought an empty bottle in my life."

USE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

To the Electors of Victoria: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

Hire's Root Beer

One Package makes five gallons of a delicious beverage.

25 Cents a Package.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Prescription Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Shaving 10c. 101 Douglas street.

—Garden Hose at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—This week 25 cents will buy a 50 cent hat at Partridge's, 86 Yates street.

—Some very pretty Japanese crepes to hand, new designs and colors. Our lady patrons will be glad to hear the news. Weiler Bros.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—A public reception will be tendered to Rev. W. L. Clay on Tuesday evening by the congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

—The steamer Danube will take the place of the R. P. Rithet to-morrow (Sunday), and will leave for Westminster at 9 p. m., instead of 11 as usual.

—Mayor Teague has a notice on the bulletin board at the city hall announcing that he will at the next meeting recommend that the council pass a by-law to be known as the tax sale by-law, 1894.

—The steamer Umatilla arrived from San Francisco late last evening, about 20 hours late. She had a very rough trip up the coast. For Victoria there were 50 passengers and 150 tons of freight.

—The post office department has arranged for the exchange of money orders between Canada and Hawaii and Australia. Victoria will be the exchange office headquarters. The limit of each order will be $50.

—Auditor James L. Raymur says that the electric light loan debentures sold at par, plus $300, which is equal to 100 6-11, instead of 100 1-4, as stated in the Times last night. The city's credit is therefore even better than stated.

—Several picnic parties were rather spoiled by the rain that fell to-day. In spite of it, however, a large number attended the picnic given at Sidney under the auspices of the A. O. U. W. One train left at 8 a.m., and another at noon.

—Miss Phelps, the W. C. T. U. lecturer, will be tendered a reception at Temperance hall on Monday evening. On Tuesday she will lecture in the First Presbyterian church and on Wednesday in Temperance hall. On Monday afternoon a children's meeting will be held at Temperance hall.

—Several handsome prizes have been offered for the events to take place at the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society's picnic on July 4th. C. E. Redfern offers a handsome cup for the mile championship of British Columbia; Challoner & Mitchell offer a cup for the quarter mile amateur race, and Davidson Bros. a medal for the hundred yard dash.

—One of the many numbers on the programme for the concert in Institute hall next Thursday evening is a double quartette of male voices under the leadership of Mr. Greig. Madame Laird will sing the celebrated aria from Robaire le Diable. She will be assisted in the concert by her pupils, Miss Dawson and E. Wolff.

—Ornamental leaded beveled glass is fast superseding the old style of colored glass for dwellings. Such work enhances the appearance of a building. McCausland & Sons, 68 King street W., Toronto, produce the most varied and beautiful designs in this class of work and at graded prices. The finest examples of art stained glass that are to be seen in the principal dwellings and public buildings throughout Canada are from this identical establishment.

—Dr. I. W. Powell has purchased the celebrated stallion Sir Peter from Major Dupont. The animal is perhaps the finest ever owned in the province. He comes from a family of horses with great racing records and has also been the sire of some excellent horses. The price paid is not stated but it would take four figures to represent it. The stallion will be kept here for breeding purposes. Dr. Powell has always been an enthusiast on good horses and other high bred live stock.

—The United States lighthouse tender Columbine, Captain Richardson, sailed for the Sound at four o'clock this morning, carrying with her Captain Farenholt, inspector of the thirteenth lighthouse district, and party, who made the trip to Alaska. The officers of the Columbine and those of H. M. S. Pheasant became fast friends at Sitka, having met there, and there was a pleasant exchange of courtesies yesterday, the latter breakfasting on the Columbine and the former lunching at Esquimalt. The friendly relations are receiving general encouragement.

—Grass catchers for lawn mowers at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—These warm days a derby hat is felt. Try one of Partridge's straws.

—Michigan street, between Menzies and Powell streets, is closed to traffic until further notice.

—There is to be a strawberry social this evening in Temperance hall. There will also be a good programme.

—Richard Hall and Charles Rattray, sr., have been appointed sole agents for Victoria for the sale of R. Dunsmuir & Sons' old reliable Wellington coal. Orders can be left at 100 Government street.

—The amount collected up the arm during the concert of the Arion club on Thursday night was $83.80. It will be forwarded immediately to the relief committee. The collection is regarded as a good one.

—The Seattle News of Thursday says: In the United States district court to-day W. J. Howard was found guilty of smuggling. Judge Hanford sentenced him to seven months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $100.

—Superintendent Vowell of the Indian department left for the Fraser this morning to personally superintend the distribution of seed to the Indians. The agent has for some time past been busy making inquiries.

—The B. C. B. G. A. will parade to Christ Church cathedral to-morrow, and the rector, churchwardens and church committee beg to notify seat holders that seats will be unreserved free for the day. Otherwise it would be impossible to accommodate the militia.

—The postponed pansy conversazione will take place on Tuesday evening next, when it is expected a large audience will be present. These most delightful entertainments will then be brought to a close for the season, and a special programme of music and singing will be presented. A feature will be made of the refreshments, and delicious ice cream will be provided free. Admission 25 cents.

—C. W. Higgins, who was one of the Chicago parties who tried to float the British Pacific railway proposition, passed through the city last evening on his way to Alaska on the steamship Queen with a party of Chicago capitalists and business men. He spent a few hours in the city renewing the acquaintances made a year ago. He will with his friends probably make a longer stay on the return trip.

—The hydrographic office at Port Townsend sends the following to the Times: The United States lighthouse board gives notice that on or about July 5, 1894, the light at Smith's island will be out of commission, and a white lens lantern will be used instead for a period of about ten days. On and after July 15 the light will be again exhibited with the same characteristics as before, viz.: Flashing white every 30 seconds.

—About 500 tons of through eastern freight received at Vancouver over the C. P. R. was brought here by the steamer Premier last night. To the C. P. R. goes the credit of being the first railway to deliver freight at coast points after the floods and blockades. The service is being constantly improved, and will very soon be back to the old standard. Freight will from now on be delivered almost every day.

—The ice cream social in St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Henry street, Victoria West, on Monday evening next under the direction of the Ladies' Aid society, will be, if the best efforts of the ladies can make it so, an occasion of real pleasure and interest. In addition to a good musical programme under the direction of Mr. A. Muir, choir leader, short and interesting addresses are expected from several city clergymen, among them the Rev. W. L. Clay, the new minister of St. Andrew's church.

—S. E. Mullin, of New Whatcom, Wn., is in the city to-day in the interests of the 4th of July celebration at that place. Our American cousins are generally supposed to carefully bottle up during the year every patriotic sentiment and feeling until the 4th, when they take out the cork and let it phiz. At all events, our neighbors are nothing if not patriotic, and Canadians are beginning to respect them for it. We can join in the festivities across the line without endangering our own patriotic love of country. There is, happily, in this western portion of the two countries the very strongest feelings of friendship existing between the two peoples. The Americans come over in thousands every year to help us honor our Queen and celebrate Dominion Day, and Canadians return the compliment on the 4th of July. A large number, therefore, are expected to go over to Bellingham Bay this year, when among the usual attractions there will be a tournament by the N. W. firemen's association and an international yacht race. No doubt cheap excursions will be arranged for. Mr. Mullin assures Victorians of a warm reception and that ample provision will be made for a big crowd. The sports will last two days, the 4th and 5th.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.

Former Price, $7. And a large

CRAYON, $1.

"Coronas" are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Cut out this Coupon and bring it to Skene Lowe, 63 Government Street.

Good until July 10th.

NOT CONSIDERED SERIOUS.

Northern Canners Will Not Be Inconvenienced by the Fishermen's Strike.

Cannery men who came down from the north report a small strike among the white and Indian fishermen on the Skeena river. The canneries on the Naas and the coast are not affected. The managers have decided to pay the fishermen 5 cents per fish instead of 6 cents as previously paid. Nothing was said about the change until June 15, the day on which fishing was commenced. The white men immediately went on strike and the Indians followed their example. They had not returned to work on the 20th, the day that the Danube sailed.

H. M. Price, one of the northern canners who came down on the Danube, does not think that the canners will be greatly inconvenienced by the strike. A big run of fish is expected this year and if this occurs the canners are independent of the early run. Even if there is not a big run there is lots of time in which to send men up from Victoria. It is possible, however, that some understanding will be arrived at making this course unnecessary.

THE CREDITORS' MEETING.

Proceedings Yesterday After the Times Went to Press.

When the Times went to press yesterday afternoon Mr. Beaven was still speaking at the meeting of the creditors of Green, Worlock & Co.'s bank. Speaking of the real property owned by Mrs. Green and Mr. Worlock, he said they were taken at their assessed values, but to-day he did not believe they would bring that. The liabilities were next considered, and the speaker pointed out that the amount of deposit certificates had been placed at $183,916, instead of $204,000, as in the March statement. The first figure was made up from the ledger, while the other was taken from the register of certificates issued. One subject of congratulation was that the balance due the British Columbia Corporation had been in the last few days reduced to $1700. He stated that it would be advisable to keep expenses down as low as possible, and suggested that a committee of two or three creditors be named to consult with the trustees to save the cumbersome method of calling all of the creditors together. He was sorry that he had to differ from the opinion expressed before as to the amounts to be realized.

In answer to a question he said that he had looked up the property on the Fairfield estate. The records in the land registry office showed that it had been transferred from A. C. C. Haggard to Mrs. Green on July 18, 1892, and from Mrs. Green to Mr. Fell and Mrs. Worlock, as joint trustees on July 10, 1893. The latter transfer was registered in February, 1894. This property did not appear on the books of the bank, but he had regarded it as his duty to look into it.

In answer to a question from Mr. Noble, Mr. Beaven said that the Wells, Fargo Co. got their securities in February, 1894. He said that the entries were so improperly made that a great many entries seemed to be carried on in somebody's head. (Laughter and cies of "hear, hear.")

At this stage Sheriff McMillan appeared and served Mr. Beaven with a summons to the trustees of Green, Worlock & Co. to make discovery as to their dealings as assignees of the estate. The summons was obtained by Mr. Taylor, acting for one of his clients. Mr. Yates laughingly explained that Mr. Taylor had been refused a vote without a proxy, and this was the result of it.

Mr. Peter asked Mr. Beaven for a statement as to what the estate would pay.

Mr. Beaven replied that he had gone over the books and securities carefully, but thought it unwise to give an estimate, as it was proposed to dispose of some of the securities. On putting the matter to the house the chair was sustained.

A. Wilson held that the Gypsemcky? place belonged to the creditors, and thought it was paid for out of the funds of the bank. An examination of the books of the bank might show something. Mr. Beaven answered that there was evidently some money paid to a contractor, but for what purpose he could not say.

Mr. Yates said that Mr. Beaven's statement corroborated that of the first meeting. What were given in the present statement were the ledger values. What had been said about the house had been known at the first meeting, but it had not been put in as an asset, for the reason that on investigation it might not prove such. He was quite prepared to support the statement presented. As for taking responsibility on the books, he did not think much of them.

Mr. Heisterman spoke, maintaining that the estimate made in March would prove correct.

There was quite a long discussion started by J. G. Brown as to whether a debtor could legally be a trustee, ending with the general understanding that he could.

Mr. Fell, in explanation, said that if the Gypsemckye matter ever came to court there would be a proper explanation made. He had already explained the matter of the Canada Western hotel stock. Mr. Beaven had not stated the whole truth; he had led them to believe that there was no entry on the books showing the transfer, and had insinuated that the date of the transfer was false. The transaction was open and aboveboard, he said, and made in accordance with an agreement drawn long before the bank failed.

Mr. Beaven said he had not insinuated anything as to dates, but had said "as tensibly dated." The books did not show the transfer, but on the back of an old envelope he found was written: "Handed to Fell as security for costs and balance, $1450."

The chairman urged that the bank get cheaper quarters and rent the present ones and that the trustees be cut to one. The meeting refused to sustain the latter suggestion.

Alexander Wilson, William Smyth and John Kinnaird were made the advisory board, and Solicitor Bodwell was directed to look up the Gypsemckye property, after which the meeting adjourned.

Northern Pacific Railroad

Resumed the running of through trains to St. Paul, Chicago and all eastern points June 14, 1894, without delay or transfer.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Canada, the United States and Europe.

Office, Adelphi building, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Ticket Agent.

Law Intelligence.

In the Speedy Trials court yesterday Charles Wilson was brought up before Mr. Justice Walkem charged with stealing a lawn mower from Mrs. McInnes, wife of Senator McInnes. The prisoner borrowed the mower and afterwards sold it to R. B. Elmour, of Fort street. Mr. A. G. Smith conducted the prosecution and Wilson acted for himself. He had a law point. It was that as he had in the first instance borrowed the mower he could not be convicted of stealing it. The court held that his law was bad and sentenced him to six weeks with hard labor.

Millinery, Millinery.

The reduced prices placed on all the straw hats both trimmed and untrimmed cannot fail to impress every lady that Partridge, 86 Yates street, is determined to clear them out regardless of cost.

Nice Covers.

Samples of a very neat portfolio cover for America Photographed can be seen at the Times office. Orders will be received at 65 cents each and covers will be supplied two or three weeks after. The numbers of the portfolios when placed together in this cover will be a handsome ornament to the house.

Open for Business.

The Northern Pacific railroad is now open for through trains to St. Paul and all points east. First through train since the floods will start east to-day.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Ticket Agent, Victoria, B.C.
Victoria, June 14, 1894.

Heart Disease Relieved in 20 Minutes—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 20 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

Will You Catch This Idea?

It's not what we say, but the length of time our clothing wears and how it fits you that makes it cheap.

Suits at $18.
Pants at $5

Let us reason together.

KINNAIRD,
The Cash Tailor,
46 Johnson St.

Figure It out Yourself

Dosen't It Stand To Reason That The Cash Dealer Can Sell The Cheapest?

Try CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

A TRIAL

Of the VICTORIA SOAP CO.'S SOAPS will satisfy the public that they are what they are claimed to be—THE BEST. Get Samples at Works, corner Government and Herald Streets.

TEARING DOWN BUILDING UP... SALE

THIS MONTH ONLY.

Russell & McDonald,

Masonic Building, Douglas Street.

STRAW HATS—2009 Men's, Women's and Children's Straw Hats at 10c. and 25c. each.

BLOUSE WAISTS, half price; Prints, Challies, Muslins, Delaines and Summer Dress Fabrics from 10 cents per yard.

Great Slaughter Sale AT THE ...MANCHESTER HOUSE

For 2 Weeks of Dress Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Mantles and Blouses. As our stock is too large and we wish to reduce it, we have marked these goods BELOW COST at such prices as will ensure a clearance.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

7 yds., double width, all wool Cashmere Serge for $1.75.
2 yds., double width all wool French Serge for $2.50.
Double width all wool Beige, 25c. per yd.
Double width Colored Cashmeres, 15c. per yard.
200 yards fancy Dress Goods, 5c. per yd.
250 yds. Wool Challies, 6 yds. for $1.
300 yds best Wool Challies (30 inches wide), 25c. per yard.

STAPLES.

White Cotton, 20 yds. for $1.
Grey Cotton, 16 yds. for $1
Flannelettes 14 yds. for $1.
Cretonnes, 10 yds for $1,
Towels, 30c. per doz.

HOSIERY, HOSIERY.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hosiery, 3 pairs for $1.
Ladies' Cotton Hosiery, fast black, 5 pairs for $1.
Children's Cotton Hosiery, 15c., 20c., 25c. per pair.
Gent's Cotton Hose, 5 pairs for $1.

BLOUSES, BLOUSES.

White Muslin Blouses, 65c. each.
Fine White Blouses, tucked, $1 each.
Fine Cambric Blouses, $1.
Collars and Cuffs, 25c. per sett.

LACE MANTLES & JACKETS.

Lace Mantles, usual prices, $6.50 and $10, your choice, $3.
Lace Mantles, usual prices, $12 and $15, your choice, $5.
5 Black Serge Jackets, usual price $5, your choice $2.
6 Boating Jackets, usual price $5 and $7, your choice $2.50.
8 Tweed Jackets, usual price, $6 and $9, your choice $3.
14 Tweed Jackets, usual price, $7.50 to $13, your choice $5.

These goods are new and seasonable. None are damaged goods. We invite you to call and see for yourself. No trouble to show goods.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, 88 YATES ST.,
T. HAUGHTON & CO.

The British Columbia SUGAR REFINERY ...PRICE LIST...

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb. Bags	4¾c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality	4¼ to 4½c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. Bags	5¾c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6¼c. per lb.

(Applicable to Lots of 5 Barrels or equal)

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.

Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.

Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia produce; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE!

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

ECL'PSES

All Meat Extracts and Home Made Beef Tea.

It is FIFTY TIMES as nourishing and makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

MARTIN & ROCKFORT, VICTORIA and VANCOUVER, Agents for B. C.

Pilgrims.

"Tales of Ten Travellers Series."

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

I.

On a certain May morning, not many years ago, under great patriarchal trees bordering the river Wharfe, which winds through the Yorkshire vales like a gleaming sinuous ribbon of silver, not further than a strong man's voice could reach from the quaint old hamlet of Ilkley, was a band of Yorkshire Gipsies who were soon to break camp and set sail for America, the Gipsy haven beyond the sea.

Two hearts in this wharfe-side camp were well nigh broken.

One was Matthew's.

Matthew was a Gipsy lad, orphaned and poor; a poverty-stricken nawken or tinker; a poor tinker, too, and despised; for he was a reader of Gorgio books and dared to grope on blindly for learning and light; had shown signs of rhymes besides; and had therefore become an outcast with this people.

How great an outcast, when an outcast of outcasts!

It all rested upon him as a curse, save with a single soul in Yorkshire.

Loretta loved him; loved him for these despised things in him, which, to just this one human being, deified him.

Loretta was the pet of the Yorkshire tribes. She was but a dainty mite of a thing yet; but so full of jest and wit and merriment, that her presence had come into a thousand peasant lives and left there an ideal dream.

How many had already come wooing none knew. The sprite had sent them all away, no longer her lovers; simply her valiant knights of honor; and each factory or hamlet for a score of miles around held a discarded lover, but always housed a friend.

Well was Loretta guarded by keen eyes and strong arms; but she was a Gipsy lass that could out-Gipsy them all.

"Loretta, oh, Loretta!"

In the unwonted excitement of the morning the pride of the camp had disappeared. "Loretta!" and "Oh, Loretta!" rang out shrilly from spae-wife to chauvie (child), and was taken up and repeated by youth and maiden everywhere.

"W'y an' w'ere an' hever is th' rackile?" (dear little girl) sang out old Lijah Boswell, grinder, buffoon and merry father-well, grinder, buffoon and merry father of every boy and girl in the band, as he blustered and hurried here and there, and blustered and hurried only.

Matthew was also missing.

Where was the daft nawken, Matthew?

And where was Loretta, rackile?

The throstles building their nests in the hedge which swept down from the highway until it touched the river Wharfe below, could have answered.

There, despite the calls from the camp, the child-lovers were sobbing their parting.

"Nothing to give, my dearie; nothing but this to give you!"

"An' w'at is hit, Matthew?"

"Only some lines I've made to—to you!"

"W'at!—an' made 'em all by yourself? An' for me?"

Then she kissed him impetuously, innocently.

"Read 'em Matthew. Oh, do, do! I'll allus keep 'em; allus!"

Loretta, her great eyes dancing with greedy pleasure, nestled her bright, warm face close, close to Matthew's, while her long, glossy hair swept over his shoulders and breast, as the outcast rhymster chokingly began:

"Long we've wandered, darling, wandered;
Heath and moor and highway o'er;
Now we part. I here to linger;
Thou to seek a far-off shore,
Out beyond the ocean's roar.
Darling, by our troth-plight given,
Darling, by thy hope of heaven,
Oh, be true as I to thee—
Save the sweetest kiss for me!

"Days will pass with long hours weary,
Nights all sleepless, starless grow,
And thy Nawken lover, dearie,
All the pain of waiting know;
Waiting, longing, with their woe!
Darling, by our troth-plight given,
Darling, by thy hope of heaven,
Oh, be true as I to thee—
Save the sweetest kiss for me!"

"Loretta, rackile!—Oh, Loretta!"

The whole camp was filled with alarm.

She snatched the verses from the lad's hand. She showered them with kisses. She had them as some priceless thing within her bosom. Then she fairly danced around her bewildered lover, telling him how, when on shipboard, she would look longingly back, far back across the dark waters which divided them, and sing to him, for him, these lines as the song and the cry of her heart; would sing them as the song of her lips and life; and that they should be to them both a sacred tie until the years and the tide should resistlessly sweep them again together.

Then a long embrace; and then

"Mi dearie Dubblesky!" (for the dear Lord's sake!) from the old grinder Lijah Boswell, as the startled lovers saw his erst merry, but not angry, eyes peering through the parted branches of the hedge above them.

"Mi dearie Dubblesky!" grinder Lijah repeated in horror and dismay. "Loretta, child! Ye'll break a' our hearts wi' this!"

She sprang from Matthew toward the good old grinder. She thrust her round, little fist close into his kindly face. Then she hissed at him, while the clenched hand trembled:

"Lijah Boswell!—Lijah!—hif ye hever tells on me, Hi'll kill ye! So Hi will! Hi 'asn't forgot Hi'm Romany—nor Romany woman, neither! Go ye back t' camp. Hi'll be yon afore ye!"

"Oh, an' wat a Loretta, rackile!" whispered kind-hearted Lijah, as he passed her a few minutes later and shook his shaggy old head, as she demurely received the anxious questionings and loving greetings of the querulous women of the camp.

In an hour more the camp was disbanded and the last partings with Gipsy kin had been said. Up to the highway; down over the old stone bridge of Ilkley; up beyond the ancient church of All Saints among whose near graves many a Gipsy chauvie (child) was resting; and then over the breezy Yorkshire hills, and on, on, to the seaport town, had sped the departing tribe.

Back in the deserted camp prone upon the ground where Loretta's tent had stood, his hands clutching his battered tinker's wheel, lay Matthew.

The throstles sang sweetly in the hedge; the Wharfe, as for aye, flowed softly onward to the sea; but the broken life left utterly desolate was as one dead to the radiant sweetness of that fair May morning, and could only moan:

"Loretta, rackile!—oh, Loretta!"

Then the weary tramp began. Weary load and dreary life!

"Tinkle, tinkle, tinkle!"

Over highway and byway; over stile and meadow; through village and hamlet—

"Tinkle, Tinkle, tinkle!"

A sorry looking tinker that indeed. More him on, blustering English "bobbie!" spurn him one and all! Heart of a true heart, soul of a martyr, life of a saint, may be; but form and face of an accursed and outcast race!

"Tinkle, tinkle, tinkle!" chiming ever on the air; but always and ever, while

"Days will pass with long hours dreary,
Nights all sleepless, starless grow—"

rises the hopeless cry in the tinker's heart:

"Loretta, rackile!—oh, Loretta!"

II.

You could not have said whether Professor Poppett was old or young. Other performers in the theatre orchestra where he literally played "second fiddle" had long despaired of conclusion whether he should be despised or revered. Whatever came, no complaint ever escaped the lips of Professor Poppett. He had never been known to live anywhere. The directory was silent as to his lodgings. No human outside of the theatre had been seen with him. The most curious had found no key to his nature.

He seemed to have but the one object in life of existing in an atmosphere of music. Study as they might his fellows discovered only this: Sometimes in tender passages of the play, or when, in opera, pathos or passion spoke from the speechless instruments, a tear might be seen coursing down beneath his glasses, but this was quickly brushed away with the cuff of his bow, no note being lost; for he was too conscientious for that.

Just this, and a strange, yearning look in his face when his dog, Mose, from under his chair, tugged at the frayed ends of his trousers, and, looking up in his master's eyes, expressed mute joy in the melodies, were all that were seen and known of his inner life.

But Mose, the dog, more than human in this, always understood the professor.

It had even been hinted that they were both tramps. But, all told, the two lived and only for with each other, and they were not an unhappy couple.

Professor Poppett was an interpretrer of music. Mose had a soul for music. Each, in his way, worshiped. Perhaps this is what held them so closely together.

By and by the curtain rang down for the last time upon the Grand Star Combination Theatre. Then Professor and Mose knew the misery of beggary in a great city. At last there was nothing behind; there seemed nothing beyond; so they took to the road together.

Professor Poppett's voice was melancholy at best. The old violin was tuned to more and more mournful cadences. By pleasant Maine farm-houses; at the sooty doors of musical roads' smithies; near groups of sturdy ploughmen, drawn from the fields to the roadside; in brisk and pretty hamlets; at busy stage stations, the professor sang and played, while helpful Mose bravely presented the ragged hat. But there had grown to be that halting in Poppett's manner, that trembling hesitancy in his singing and, more than all that lessening faith in himself, which so voiced in ballad and instrument, that, though all grinningly listened, only a few rewarded.

One autumn evening, penniless, supperless, hopeless, the two had been hooted out of a lovely, leafy Maine village, a few miles to the north of old Portland by the sea. Reaching a forest-edge, well beyond pursuit, poor, simple Poppett fell among the leaves exhausted and straightway burst into tears.

Faithful Mose, true and helpful to the last, crept up beside him, pushed his face against his master's, kissed it in his dog fashion and whined comfortingly. After a little time the professor petted the brute tenderly, but could only say,

"Mose, Mose! You miserable, loving dog! We're in hard, hard luck! eh, Mose?

Mose could not deny it.

Suddenly Mose bristled up, listened a moment, and then snapped out a quick, sharp growl of alarm.

The Professor quieted him, looked timorously away through the night to the far lights of the distant town, and, with a bitter sigh of discouragement, said to his loyal companion:

"God only knows where to, Mose; but come along!"

Mose seemed to insist that somebody or something required looking into was near them; but they crossed a near little stream, followed an unused road up a hill, and were presently confronted by an old rail gate standing half open.

Here Poppett looked in vain for some sign of human habitation beyond, but could descry only the dark face of deep woods, and, above them, the yellow horn of an autumn moon.

He sank drearily upon a fallen log beside the gate, succeeding only on in bringing Mose to his side by a sharp word of command—he seldom spoke to the dog in this way—and then leaned against the the fence, giving himself up to the direst forebodings, which were quickly succeeded by the stupor of utter exhaustion.

Was he dreaming?

There came to him in reality, or dream, the voice of a maiden in song:

"Days will pass with long hours dreary,
Nights all sleepless, starless grow;—"

The old violin fairly flew to the Professor's shoulder. The bow, poised aloft, trembled in his hand. His head reached far out and sidewise, as if his whole being thrilled in anticipation; while the dog's tail beat a lively tattoo upon the log—

"And thy Nawken lover, dearie,
All the pain of waiting know;
Waiting, longing, with their woe."

Oh, how that old violin kept accompaniment! The violin led, rather than followed. The last line was given by the singer in a weird, sad minor. When its final note was hushed, the songstress, who was certainly nearing the musician, seemed to listen and wait, as if to tease and test the performer.

He promptly repeated the melody of the last three lines, giving it the richest and sweetest of coloring.

With a burst of such melody as Poppett thought he had never heard equaled, the stanza was now finished:

"Darling, by our troth-plight given,
Darling, by thy hope of heaven,
Oh, be true as I to thee—
Save the sweetest kiss for me!"

The Professor followed at the conclusion with an improvised refrain which filled and flooded that Maine autumn evening with rarer music than it had ever before known.

The musician's head laid so near to his loved instrument, and he had closed the improvisation with such a flourish, that he was startled when he looked up and discovered the mysterious songstress beside him; but he withdrew his hat with a respectful, "Evening, Ma'am!" following this with a rap of the bow on the dog's nose and the injunction, "Mind your manners, sir!"

Mose arose upon his haunches, ducked his head to the little lady and awaited further orders.

The moonlight falling upon the beautiful girl showed her standing there with arms akimbo, intently regarding first the Professor and then the dog.

"You be'nt one o' hus, is ye—a tatchi Romany?" (a genuine Gipsy) she asked curiously.

"A—a—wha', ma'am?" stammered Poppett, twirling his hat confusedly.

[illegible] the girl.

"Yes, lady; I—I rather think you might call us pilgrims—Mose and I."

"Where be your—your friends?"

"Well, lady"—the Professor was getting into deep water—"well, Mose there is my friend; and I'm Mose's friend!"

"Hasn't ye others?"

"No, lady."

"Not on yearth?"

"Not on earth."

"No friends on yearth!—an' you a-makin' that 'eavenly music? W'y, an' you're in sorry luck, sure!"

"Sorry luck, lady? All broke up! Eh, Mose?"

Mose admitted as plainly as the dog could.

She walked straight to the woebegone musician, took his ragged hat from his hand, placed it kindly upon his head, and said:

"Might—might I beg ye boldly to make that music agin?"

"Yes, yes; a thousand times, lady!"

Then the Professor put his very soul into the work; played the melody from beginning to end, never missing a note; and lingered lovingly over the improvised refrain.

When he had finished he saw that her hands were clasped tightly across her bosom and that she was weeping bitterly.

Loretta, rackile! Oh, Loretta!" called a rough, but kindly voice from just over the gate. "Oh, Loretta! Ha'ye na better come 'long wi' Lije? Bring the fiddler feller, if ye likes."

"Ay, ay, Lijah Boswell. Th' music was a-puttin' me back in ol' Yorkshire like!" Then turning to Poppett she said: "Come 'long, wi' your fiddle an' dog, stranger. Anyhows ye'll sure find a sup an' a bite wi' hus!"

The girl had been to the stream for a bucket of water. Lijah Boswell took it up, and chattered merrily enough, led the party over the old road through dense woods for a short distance, when, on rounding a heavy clump of oaks, they came suddenly upon a large Gipsy camp.

Lijah Boswell, with broad grins and much gesture, in a few Romany words told his Gipsy companions all he knew of the wandering musician and his wonderful dog, and then these simple people crowded around Poppett in scores, while he gave them the best melodies his weary fingers could invoke, urged on by delighted applause and grateful incense of steaming pots swinging above crackling fires; while Mose, in his happiest vein, did his finest tricks and passed the hat so wisely that, amid roars of laughter, it was fairly gilded with copper coin.

Then came a smoking hot supper for the pilgrims from these ever-hospitable Gipsy pilgrim bands. How that hungry, footsore wanderer ate; how Mose ate; and how they both felt and looked gratitude unutterable; brought both smiles and mists to the eyes of member after member of the band, as they caught stealthy glimpses of their beaming faces and then as silently stole away to rejoin their companions and indulge in grotesque pastime and hilarious laughter.

After the Professor and Mose had finished, nothing would satisfy the Gipsies but more music—music wild and heroic, music roystering and bacchanalian; and then a dance; ay, a dance such as they had not had since they left old Yorkshire! Old and young joined, and never in old Poppett's theatric experience, even in grandest spectacular, had he seen or imagined anything equaling the wild abandon of these tawny people, from haggish spae-wife to rosy-faced chauvie, as they sped by him in fantastic groupings, never desisting until utterly exhaust, long, long into the hours of the starlit, happy night.

Then with grinder Lijah and Mose for tent-fellows, the Professor gratefully sank upon a couch of fresh leaves and aromatic cedar boughs, and endeavored to drive the face and form of Loretta from his mind and collect his scattering senses; but dazedly he saw the flaring camp-fires grow dim and dimmer, was conscious of the peaceful quiet and hush that fell upon the happy spot, and in a trice was pilgriming in the land of pleasant dreams.

III.

Loretta, rackile, the songstress of the camp, and the Professor became inseparable companions upon the road or in camp, with the melodies which somehow grew more and more tender, they were soon together the loved minstrels of the band. The passion which had overwhelmed poor Poppett since he had first heard grand Maine woods filled with the echoes of Loretta's song had been wordless, but the old violin had told his love; told it pleadingly, eloquently; and true as truth, love unspoken by tongue or pen will reach unto the object of its adoration and make its message known. This dumb idolatry was pitiful. Its response was pitying and dumb. If there had been no wandering nawken, the old violin had not told it's master's tender prayers in vain.

One evening the two were sitting together in camp among the elms of the Mystic Lake, over against old Arlington, not far from still more ancient Boston town—the winter was approaching, and band was fast journeying south toward winter quarters now—when Loretta stopped suddenly in her song.

"Poppett, which way is England?" she asked suddenly.

"Over there, Loretta;" the Professor replied, pointing with his bow; "to the eastward, thousands of miles beyond the Boston lights."

She laid her fair head in the palms of her hands and sat there, silently weaving herself to and fro for a little time. Perhaps the Gipsy girl heard again the Yorkshire throstles sweetly singing in the hedge and listened to the murmurs of the Wharfe as it softly flowed to the sea. She finally turned to the musician and said, as if her heart could hold it all no longer:

"Poppett, I wants to go w'ere there's books an' music an' all such bright things!"

"With me, Loretta?"

It came in a trembling whisper from the musician's lips. It was the most daring thing the Professor had ever said.

"No Poppett; with—with Matthew!"

Something came into the Professor's eyes which, for a moment, shut all the world out and left everything blank to him. He had heard the story of Matthew from kindly old Lijah. The violin moaned a little for its master and Mose grew restless, but finally the musician faltered:

"And if Matthew never comes?"

"Then Poppett, with you; sure, sure!"

The dog's sympathetic and expressive tail never wagged so boisterously before; and if dog ever did such a thing, like the "old man" of the plays, he surely said:

"God bless you, my children!"

An hour later there was a pleasant commotion at the outskirts of the camp. A party of Gipsy friends, who were to accompany the band on its southward journey, had arrived. Among the vans was one of beautiful design and decoration, drawn by a handsome pair of horses. These are delights to Gipsy eyes, and the horses and van were instantly surrounded by garrulous men, so occupied in their interest and admiration that its driver for the time escaped observation.

The latter, a young Gipsy of perhaps twenty years of age, heedless of the crowd about him, sprang from his seat and disappeared with a bound in the direction of the tents.

"Is yon chal (Gipsy fellow) one of your kin?" asked the leader of the arriving party of the chief.

"No, brother, not as hus knows. Thought he wus kith o'yourn. Do any 'ere know 'im?"

There was no answer, but a general air of concern settled upon the Gipsies as they turned and watched the tawny fellow who was running headlong in the open spaces between the tents.

"He fell in wi' hus jess arter noon. Said he wus comin' 'ere, an' we jogged on together. He's a tatchi Romany, sure; but a bit range i' th' mort (a trifle daft), hus is thinkin'. He rokkered (talked, chattered) o' naught but Loretta, rackile, a' th' arternoon!"

At that moment there was a bustle and confusion among the women of the band. The flying Gipsy had aroused them. Shrill exclamationostions were heard on every hand with "Save us!" and "Its th' Nawken's ghost!"

But the ear of love is true and not affrighted.

Loretta, leaping from her tent-door, sped like the wind toward the daring stranger. As he clasped her in his arms and pointed with unutterable pride to his matchless Gipsy van-home the girl cried out exultantly:

"He's come at last! God 'elp hus!—its Matthew!"

Over beside a little tent among the shadows Professor Poppett was standing white and silent. He had seen the rapturous meeting. He knew all that it meant to them and to him. With one hand he grasped the tent-bow for a moment's support. The other he raised as if in benediction. Finally he placed the old violin in its worn and ragged sack.

"Come, Mose," he said quietly; don't you [illegible] to go!"

And pilgrims still, out into the night they again took the road together.

A Run Down System

Upper Sumas, B. C., May 10, 1894.—I suffered from a general run down system and distress in the stomach after eating. I have taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am much better. Mrs. Nellie Barker.

HOOD'S PILLS cure sick headache, biliousness.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Relief in six hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A CORNWALL MIRACLE.

AN AFFLICTED FAMILY RESTORED TO HEALTH.

Only One of Many Similiar Cases—How the Restoration of Health Was Brought About—A Plain Recital of Facts.

From the Cornwall Standard.

There is no longer reason to seek far for proof of the miraculous cures wrought by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. We have heard of numerous marvellous cures following the use of this wonderful medicine, and have been successful in obtaining the facts for publication of one of them. Mr. Andrew Bowen, an employe of the Canada Cotton Mill, was taken ill about three years ago and compelled to give up his position and cease work entirely. He was suffering from rheumatism, which was followed by a complication of dieases, and in a few months he became a helpless cripple. His wife became thoroughly worn out through waiting on him, and in a short time she also became an invalid, and their plight was most pitiable indeed. They secured the best medical advice within their reach, spending a large sum of money in medicines which failed to give them any permanent relief. This went on for nearly three years, and during that period they suffered untold agonies.

The above is summarized from the statements made by Mr. and Mrs. Bowen to the Standard representative. We will give the remainder of the story in Mr. Bowen's own words. He said: "We were both terribly run down and completely discouraged at seeing dollar after dollar go for medicine that did not seem to do us any good. We had about given up all hope of ever getting well again, when my attention was called to a wonderful cure effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had nearly lost all faith in medicines and had made up my mind that my wife and I were past all human aid and would have to endure our sufferings. We were repeatedly urged by friends to try the Pink Pills, and at last consented. After taking a couple of boxes we did not see any noticeable benefit, and were about to give them up, but were urged to persevere with them, and did so. When my wife had taken the fifth box she began to feel a decided improvement in her health, and I decided to keep on taking them. The seventh box marked the turning point in my case, and I have continued to improve ever since, and to-day, as you see, we are both enjoying excellent health, almost as good as we ever did. Many times I have thought we would never be well again, and I cannot tell you how glad I am that we tried Dr. Williams' great medicine. I am now able to do a good day's work without feeling the least bit tired, and my wife can perform her household duties without an effort. I consider I have received hundreds of dollars of value for the few dollars I spent on Pink Pills. We always keep them in the house now, although we do not need to use them, but we think it safer to have them on hand in case they should be required."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a specific for all diseases arising from an impoverished condition of the blood or a shattered condition of the nervous forces, such as St. Vitus' dance, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, paralysis, sciatica, the after effects of la grippe, loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, chronic erysipelas, scrofula, etc. They are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, building anew the blood and restoring the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, over work, or excess of any nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper (printed in red ink), and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y., at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

MILITARISM.

A Hungarian Paper Takes the Other Side of the Case.

The evils of militarism have been a fruitful topic of discussion for some time, but the Pester Lloyd, one of the leading journals of Austria, takes the opposite side of the case and undertakes to defend the maintenance of the armies which are turning Europe into one vast camp. It begins by asking what would be the condition of the Europe of to-day without its great armies, and what would be the position of justice, freedom and progress. There is, it says, a hatred of things as they are in millions of souls all over the world, and if it were not for militarism that hatred would seize the weapons of destruction and lay the existing order of society in ruins, together with all the gains of [illegible] Nihilism, social revolution, anarchism, and fenianism are but the changing phenomena of one disease of our time—namely, the blind resistance of huge masses of civilization. Without its enormous armies, Europe would fall a helpless prey to this revolutionary impulse. Dynamite would be the dictator of the world. The bombs are silent only so long as they fear the repeating rifle. It is the merest illusion, the writer says, to fancy that Europe is enjoying a state of peace. Certainly, international peace has not been disturbed for fifteen years past, and, notwithstanding the Franco-Russian fraternization, it will hardly run much risk in the future. That reproachment is said to have a peaceful object; but, while it may tend to maintain international tranquility, it is impossible to overlook the strong movement against autocracy in Russia and the change of feeling manifested in France through the revival of the Nepeonic legend. The diplomatic reproachment tends to disturb the idea of autocratic rule in Russia and that of Republicans in France. In those fifteen years of international peace most European states have had to conduct a war against subversive tendencies within their own dominions, in which no decisive engagement has yet taken place. The strategic movement of the revolution, however, would have forced the various governments to increase their defensive resources, even if those armaments had not been required by considerations of foreign policy.—New York Post.

Hall's Hair Renewer renders the hair lustrous and silken, gives it an even color, and enables women to put it up in a great variety of styles.

The purity and excellence of Chase & Sanborn's Coffee secured the only testimonial granted by the Restaurant Commission of the World's Fair.

Caution—Be sure you get Chase & Sanborn's Coffee.

PREPARING CORK.

Operations Connected with the Handling of the Useful Bark.

The methods in vogue in barking and harvesting the cork in Spain and Portugal are pretty much the same. The barking operation is effected when the tree has acquired sufficient strength to withstand the rough handling it receives during this operation, which takes place when it has attained the fifteenth year of its growth. After the first stripping the tree is left in this juvenescent state to regenerate, subsequent strippings being effected at intervals of not less than three years; and under this process the tree will continue to thrive and bear for upwards of 150 years. If the bark is not removed artificially, it will on maturity split and dismantle itself. This is caused by the fresh growth of bark forming underneath.

The cork of the first barking is termed corcho bornio—bornizo, or virgin cork; the cork of the second stripping is called pelas, or secondary cork. The work of removing the bark from the trees is performed in summer by men, who are paid at the rate of 2s. 6d. per day. The instruments used for the work are an axe, a lever and a hand saw for the cutting of transversal incisions. The first process through which the bark passes after stripping is that of boiling. This is sometimes done in the woods, but more frequently in the cork factory, in large, specially constructed cauldrons, in which the bark is left to boil for upwards of an hour. The seething process increases the thickness and elasticity of the cork; and at the same time the tannin and other feculent substances generally existing in the bark are desiccated.—Chambers' Journal.

Gentle Lady—I hope you go to church sometimes?

Good Boy—Yes'm.

"To what church?"

"I used to be a Presbyterian, but I've been a Methodist ever since the last church fair. They put the most strawberries in their shortcake."

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. Richard Birks, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Donald Urquhart, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to or having claims against the above estate are to make payment to or application for payment as the case may be to the undersigned.

Dated 19th June, 1894.

A. PERRY MILLS,
66 Langley Street, Victoria,
Solicitor for Alexander Urquhart the executor. je19-1m

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS, WADDINGTON ALLEY AND TOPAZ AVENUE

On WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27th, at 11 a.m.

I have been instructed to sell at my salesroom, Wharf street, Victoria, by virtue of a certain mortgage dated 9th March, 1890, and registered 21st April, 1890, in Charge Book Vol. 11, Folio 801, No. 14601 B, in the Lands Registry Office, Victoria, all those pieces or parcels of lands known as, viz., Subdivisions 5 and 6 of Lot 186.

WADDINGTON ALLEY.

Also Part of Lot or Subdiv. 29, being portion of Sec. V., Victoria District, now within within Victoria City, having a frontage of 131 feet on Topaz Avenue and 405 feet on Fourth street, more or less, which is a continuation of Quadra street, and extends through the Tolmie Estate to the to the Saanich Road. This property will be sold in two lots, the north and south halves. Terms of sale, one half cash, balance on mortgage 7 per cent. per annum.

For further particulars apply to Yates & Jay, Solicitors for the mortgagee, or to

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

STOCK-IN-TRADE OF DRY GOODS STORE.

TO STOREKEEPERS

POSTPONED SALE UNTIL

Monday, June 25th, 11 a.m.

At my salesrooms, Wharf street, a fine stock-in-trade of

Ladies' Dry Goods, Etc.

Must be cleared out. Inspection invited. No reserve.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its sitting to be held on the second Wednesday in the month of September next, for a transfer to George Richardson, of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Windsor Hotel situate at the corner of Government and Courtney streets in the City of Victoria.

Dated the 4th day of June, 1894.

j5-1m ALEX. McDONALD.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under instructions from the mortgagee and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1892, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12, noon, on Tuesday, the 26th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Lot 117 in the District of Alberni, in the Province of British Columbia.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 5th day of June, 1894.

SCHULTZ & MORPHY,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee,
40 Langley Street, Victoria. je5-3w

NOTICE.

Having discontinued the sale of Wellington Coal, my customers will please settle their accounts before the 1st of July next. [illegible] Office, Store street.

Victoria, June 20. W. WALKER. td

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 13th, 1894.

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., April 28, 1894.

Just Received 200 Pairs Sample Pants. These Goods Were Bought at a Big Discount and Will be Sold Cheap. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

FROM THE INTERIOR.

News Nuggets Collected From the Newspapers of the Kootenay Country.

The Damage Done by Flood and Fire—Mining Operations at Trail Creek.

[Nelson Tribune.]

"Tom" Ward, who enjoys the reputation of being an inventor in no small way, has recently turned his attention to archæological researches. Mr. Ward was fortunate enough durnig the week to pick up a choice collection of old tools, recently found in the Duncan river, which are supposed to have been used by the inhabitants of that section during the gold age.

The Columbia & Kootenay is but little damaged from Robson to Kootenay crossing. Trains will be running over this distance in a few days, but from Nelson to the crossing the road is in a bad condition, owing to the numerous bridges and trestles, all of which are badly used up. The Nelson & Fort Sheppard is now in running order, the bridge across Cottonwood and the few washouts in Beaver canyon having been repaired.

With commendable promptness government agent Goepel visited the scene of disaster at Kaslo, and contributed $500 on behalf of the government to be used in relieving the destitute. He also placed several gangs of men at work cleaning away fallen timber and otherwise repairing the wagon road. If the government possessed a few more officials of the stamp of Mr. Goepel there would be less room for dissatisfaction. Government officials in all departments should possess sufficient self-reliance to act upon matters of importance instead of awaiting instructions from Victoria. What the people of Kaslo wanted was what they received—money and work, and not telegrams of condolence.

On the LeRoi, which is one of the oldest claims in the Trail Creek district, and which is probably one of the best developed, twenty-five men are at work. Hoisting works are being erected and two Burleigh drills are on the ground ready for use. This mine has shipped in the neighborhood of 1,000 tons of ore and is in better condition now than ever. The Nickel Plate is closed down at present on account of water, but pumping machinery has been ordered and will soon be placed in position. A tunnel has been run on the Josie to tap the vein at considerable depth. A contract to sink 50 feet of this property has also been let. On the War Eagle a tunnel 250 feet in length is being run to tap the large showing uncovered last fall. In the O. K. tunnel, which is in 300 feet, a rich pocket of ore was recently uncovered assaying $400 per ton. This property has 250 tons of ore on the dump. The Spokane & Northern people have surveyors at work on a wagon road from Northport up Sheep creek to tap the mines. It is thought a saving can be made in transporting ore by this route as most of the ore of this camp is shipped loose and extra handling on and off a steamboat is always accompanied by more or less loss. The railway company holds a charter for a railway covering this same ground which expires shortly, and by putting in a good wagon road they may get an extension of time.

New Denver correspondence: Flood, storm and fire have been playing havoc through the Slocan country during the last week. More than one acre of ground has been cut out of the New Denver townsite. The warm weather culminated on Sunday in a terrific wind storm followed by thunder and rain. All the roads in the country have ben blocked and rendered impassable by fallen timber. The damage done to house property in New Denver was slight and has before now been repaired. Three Forks suffered more, as fire broke out, and before the rain came several cabins had been destroyed. It was only by the united exertions of all the men in town that the business street was saved. On Sunday evening a big flood came down the north fork of Carpenter creek. It destroyed what was left of the railroad grade and wagon road. Much of the railroad bridge timber is now afloat on Slocan lake. So far no loss of life is reported on this side of the mountains.

Tracklaying is progressing very slowly on the Nakusp & Slocan railway.

A strong vein of ore has been discovered on the Deadman, a claim located between the Noble Five and the Ruman and owned by the owners of the latter.

On the Alamo a chute of ore two feet three inches wide has been run into. The ore is full of ruby silver and must average away up in the hundreds.

A force of men has been put to work on the Idaho.

Contracts have been let for clearing five acres of ground at the mouth of Howson creek and for getting out timber for the mill.

Captain Moore has started for Ottawa to represent there what the duty on mining machinery means to mine owners in this country.

The Mountain Chief is almost as isolated as when it was first discovered. George Hughes is prospecting for a trail into New Denver to keep the south side of Carpenter creek all the way.

Every man in Silverton who wanted work has been put on the Alpha wagon road. Munn Brothers have secured a contract to haul ore from the Alpha mine. There are about 250 tons of ore on the dump.

The big ore house at Silverton was knocked to pieces in the storm on Sunday.

[Nelson Miner.]

The water on Monday last was five feet two inches on the top of the dyke erected by the Reclamation company in the Kootnay valley. By means of this dyke it was hoped that about 800 acres would be ready for sale this winter. In estimating the height of their dyke the engineers claimed to have made it three feet higher than any previously known flood.

[Kaslo Times.]

As a result of the final revision of the voters' list on Monday last by Commissioner Goepel at Nelson, the register contains 820 names.

Tenders are invited by the government agent for the erection of a building on Avenue, west of the Slocan hotel, to be used as an assessor's office and other governmental purposes.

The highest point touched by the water in Kootenay lake was on Saturday morning last at 11 o'clock. It then stood at 32 feet above low water mark of last winter. Since that hour the water has been falling, and to-day is five feet lower than the highest point.

Salvage from the wrecked houses and stores is still being recovered, and more will doubtless be found when the water has sufficiently fallen. Some of the merchants are finding considerable trouble in tracing goods known to have been removed from the wreck. Extravagant charges are also being made for the delivery of goods found on the lake.

Good work is being done in the repair of the wagon road. Teamsters who have been over it are practically unanimous in saying that it was never in better condition than that in which it was left by the repairing parties. It will probably be finished to Sproule's to-night. One party is working near Whitewater, where considerable damage was done.

Robert McDonald, of the Half Way house, and Alexander McDonald had a rough experience while on the Lardo river, rounding up their horses which had wintered in that vicinity but which had been driven to the hills by the flood in the river and lake. They were in the woods during the tornado, which passed over the district, and saw trees uprooted and tossed about on all sides of them. "Bob" McDonald was knocked off his horse by the branches of a falling tree but escaped without injury. He crept under a fallen tree for protection, and while under it four or five others fell across it, and the branches were driven into the ground on either side of him. Some of the branches were driven through his clothing, temporarily pinning him to the ground. He escaped without any serious personal injury, but he had a very narrow escape, as may be understood. He found his horse after the storm was over, also uninjured but so hemmed in by fallen trees that it took some time to cut a path by which it might be extricated. Some idea may be gathered by the number of prostrate trees which they encountered by the fact that it took the McDonalds four hours to make three-quarters of a mile on their way to camp. They have lost two of their horses and others are known to have been killed.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is a universal beautifier. Harmless, effective, and agreeable, it has taken high rank among toilet articles. This preparation causes thin and weak hair to become abundant, strong, and healthy, and restores to gray hair its original color.

THE LIFE GUARDS.

Career of the Regiment from the Peninsula to Kassassin.

After the Peninsula the Life Guards proceeded to the Netherlands, and there took part in the crowning victory of Waterloo. The charge of the Household Cavalry—with whom were the First Dragoon Guards—is an event of history and will be remembered as long as history lasts.

Then ensued a long interval of seventy years, occupied with the peaceful duties of state ceremonials, and the only changes that took place were those of dress and equipment.

In 1817 steel helmets superseded the brass ones, which in 1812 had replaced the cocked hats, and in 1821, at the coronation of George IV., these in their turn gave way to bearskin caps, similar to those of the Grenadiers, with a white plume on the left side passing over the crown. For this function also steel cuirasses were again issued, and have never since been discarded. The present carbines were adopted at the same time as the helmets, and the long muskets, with bayonets and large horse pistols, were deposited in the tower.

And now we arrive at the last act—up to date—in the history of the Life Guards. In 1882 they, in conjunction with the rest of the household troops, were ordered to Egypt, and croakers were found who prophesied that the long interval of peace would have spoiled the efficacy of the Guards, and foretold the failure of the "drawing room soldiers." How entirely wrong these prophets of evil were the results soon showed; and not only by the famous midnight charge at Kassassin, but by their whole record throughout the campaign, the Guards proved that they were, as they had ever been, "first-rate fighting men," and that, whenever called upon, they might be relied upon to do their duty as valiant men and true.—Chambers' Journal.

A Distressing Situation.

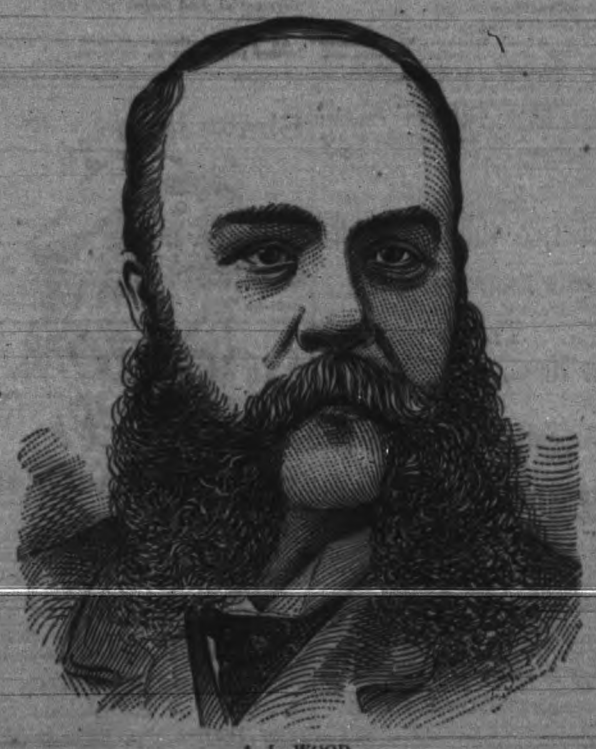
What a dreadful thing it is to wake up in the middle of the night suffering from cholera—the nearest doctor a mile away, and no one to send for him. Imagine a more distressing domestic situation if you can; and yet cases of this kind are very common. The trouble, however, would never have become serious if the man of the house had a bottle of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER at hand, for it is a remedy that never fails to cure Cholera, Cramps, Diarrhoea or Dysentery. All druggists keep it. 25c. for large new size.

The Bisley team sailed from Montreal by the Parisian this morning.

HE WROTE TO HIS BROTHER.

Told Him the Good News, and Advised Him to Use Paine's Celery Compound.

THE MEDICINE THAT CURES.



A. L. WOOD.

It has often been asserted that if men and women would use Paine's Celery Compound when the first indications of trouble and disease are felt, there would be fewer sick people and less money expended for remedies. There is no medicine in the world as far reaching in its work and effects as Paine's Celery Compound. It should be in every home where there is sickness, as it is needed for every age and class of humanity.

We would now draw the attention of every man and woman to the fact that, if they have failed with other medicines, Paine's Celery Compound will give them what they desire—health and strength. As a proof of this statement we direct attention to the testimony of Mr. A. L. Wood, of Great Village, N. S. He says:

"I have much pleasure in adding my letter of testimony to the already large number you have received.

In 1892 I took a severe pain in my back, to which I gave but little attention. It extended to the back of my neck, and became very bad. It then seemed to settle on a nerve under the shoulder blade. I used many remedies, but got worse instead of better. I consulted my doctor; he said I had neuralgia and treated me for it. The treatment proved useless, and I consulted two other doctors, with no better results.

I could not turn over in bed, wash my face or dress myself, I was so helpless. After a time, getting a little easier, I went to my father-in-law's to spend Christmas. While there my attention was called to a paper on the merits of Paine's Celery Compound, and I read of a party who had been cured whose case was similar to mine.

I sent for a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and after taking it I found that I could rest easily and turn in bed without difficulty. The virtues of one bottle of Compound seemed to drive all trouble away. I might also state that I had a brother in California, who, owing to sickness, was unable to work for three months. He had been to mineral springs without receiving any good results. I immediately wrote to him and asked him to give your medicine a trial. After using one bottle he was cured and able to resume work.

I make these statements voluntarily and for the benefit of those who suffer, and would strongly recommend Paine's Celery Compound to all.

"The Rain it Raineth Every Day."

What a comfort it is to walk down town in the morning wrapped in the luxurious embrace of a

RIGBY POROUS WATERPROOF COAT

all dry and comfortable, while those of one's less fortunate friends shiver and endure the old style of waterproof garment. But people are rapidly becoming educated to better things, and the cold, clammy, air-tight rubber waterproof is fast disappearing.

A newspaper man, anxious to get business from a firm that advertised in his field, wrote, soliciting an order. The reply came—"Where does your paper go?" An answer was promptly sent—"To north and South America, Europe, Asia and Africa, and it is all I can do to keep it from going to ——."

Teacher—"An axiom is a self-evident truth. 'Whatever goes up is sure to come down.' Is that an axiom?" Boy—"Guess so; unless folks is talkin' about the price of coal."

First Boy—"How's business?"

Second Boy—"Poor. Only sold one stamp this week, and I didn't get any thing for that but three marbles. Never saw times so hard."

Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER

Buy Big 25c. Bottle

NO OTHER MEDICINE ON EARTH is so efficacious for Colic, Canadian Cholera, Cramps, Chills, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, or as Bowel Complaints.

Argyle House.

LADIES' UNDERVEST— —10 CENTS EACH.
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WHITE CALICO—
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CANTON FLANNEL—
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WHITE HONEYCOMB QUILTS—
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WHITE HONEYCOMB QUILTS— —00 CENTS EACH.
WHITE HONEYCOMB QUILTS— —00 CENTS EACH.

A Large Assortment of Lace Curtains, taped and scollaped, 50c. a pair.

Just Received—One case more of those 50 cent Corsets.

Our $100 Grey Corsets are the best in the market

Heavy White Wigan Sheeting, 20 cents a yard.

J. Horner & Co.

America Illustrated!

MUCH FOR LITTLE.

That is what you get when you clip coupons from the Times and get our Magnificent Art Portfolio, "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED."

$20.00 FOR $2.00.

That is about the size of it. There will be twenty parts which will cost you but 10 cents a part, with one coupon from the Times. Art works have been sold around the country at one dollar a part, which did not equal "America Photographed" in artistic beauty.

THE BEST OF ALL.

No other Portfolio issued equals "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED. Its beautiful photographic engravings are each 11x13 inches in size, and are accompanied by accurate and entertaining descriptions.

PART 11 NOW OFFERED

The completed series will be a grand collection of art, and the fund of information its pages impart will be of inestimable value.

DO NOT FAIL TO SECURE IT.

HOW TO GET BACK NUMBERS. To those who have been unable to secure the preceding numbers of "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED," and desire to start in now and complete the great work, we offer a combination coupon, one of which with 10 cents for each part will procure a complete series.

Canada Part 2 Coupon.

A COUPON APPEARS IN ALL ISSUES OF THIS PAPER.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents to the Art Department of this paper, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per number in upper right-hand corner, by mail, post-paid, or bring the coupon and 10 cents to this office and receive Portfolio.

Name_____

Address_____

N. B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART II.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 2 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and remember before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

Back numbers, beginning at No. 1, may still be obtained at Times office.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BOARD OF CONCILIATION.

The Trouble Between Mr. Adams and Stonecutters Heard.

The council of conciliation, formed for the purpose of endeavoring to settle the dispute between William Adams, the contractor for the government buildings, and Jacob Durst, a stonecutter and the stone-cutters' union, met in the board of trade rooms this afternoon. The managers for the stone-cutters are: Andrew G. Hay, W.W. Thomas, and Robert Sargent. They named as conciliators John Braden and J. G. Brown. The managers for contractor Adams are Mr. Spittlehouse, E. C. Howell and A. Patterson. They named as conciliators, John T. Elford and William Smith.

A. B. Gray, the deputy commissioner, explained the arbitration and conciliation act to the conciliators and the managers. After deploring the effects of strikes he expressed a hope that the conciliators would be able to settle the dispute. It would be the duty of the managers to lay their respective cases before the council of conciliation. After all the evidence is in the conciliators will retire and endeavor to bring about an amicable settlement. There should be no discussion between the parties to the dispute. The conciliators decided to allow the press to remain in the room during the proceedings.

John Braden and J. G. Brown, the conciliators for the stonecutters, appointed Mayor Teague as arbitrator, and Messrs. Smith and Elford, for Mr. Adams, appointed Charles Hayward as arbitrator. If the conciliators do not arrive at a decision the case may be referred to the arbitrators. E. Adams was chosen as secretary of the council.

Mr. Gray read the petition appointing the conciliators, and then there was a discussion as to how the case should be proceeded with.

Mr. Adams said he claimed that the stone had been broken through carelessness and he claimed $15 for it. The decision of any body would not change his opinion.

A Stonecutter—Well, that ends it.

Mr. Gray explained that Mr. Adams did not mean that he would not be bound by the decision. What he meant was that the decision would not change his opinion.

Mr. Gray was chosen chairman, and called upon the managers for the stonecutters to call their witnesses. They called

Mr. B. Hastings, a stonecutter. In all his experience as workman, foreman or contractor he had never known of a man being charged for a stone spoiled. It was quite possible that the stone was defective before it was worked. It would be hard to find out if the stone was defective. The stone might have been spoiled by the use of tools not in proper condition for the work. It was the contractor's place to provide proper tools.

The witness answered a number of technical questions put to him by conciliators and managers. It was the duty of a workman to throw out his tools when they became blunt or out of order. A stonecutter had to take a certain amount of risk. If he did not it would take him a very long time to prepare the stone.

Brief Locals.

—G. Bevilockway, the second largest merchant in Nanaimo, assigned to-day to S. Leiser, of this city.

—The telegraph wires are still suffering from the effects of the floods; result, abbreviated press dispatches.

—The Ladies' Aid of St. Paul's church, Victoria West, will give an ice cream social on Monday night and are making every effort possible to assure its success. There will be a good concert and a bounteful supply of ice cream and cake.

—Eugene Barnard, charged with attempting to commit suicide, will be given a speedy trial on Monday. The case will be called at 11 o'clock, probably before Mr. Justice Walkem. The crown will be represented by George E. Powell and the defence by A. L. Belyea.

—The pilotage inquiry into the cause of the accident to the ship Benmore resulted in the clearing of the pilot, who was held to be blameless. The vessel was certainly driven on the rocks by a change of wind and the disabling of a tug, and it was very clear that the pilot could not be held.

—The French warship Duguay-Trouin was reported in the Straits early this afternoon, having steamed up from San Francisco. She will reach Esquimalt late this afternoon, and there will be an exexchange of salutes. During her stay here she will be placed in the dry-dock for a thorough overhauling.

—The ladies of the Metropolitan Methodist church have decided on the St. Raw Berry festival for Tuesday evening. The parlors of the church will be nicely decorated and the young ladies in waiting will wear special costumes. The festival will be repeated annually. The Metropolitan church orchestra will be present, and will during the evening play several selections.

—Julia and Lucy, two Indians who got drunk, were assessed $5 apiece by Magistrate Macrae in the city police court this morning. Tim Daley, who is not an Indian but who got drunk just the same, was convicted and according to the time honored practice was let go as it was his first offence. The case of John Cook, of the Bee Hive, charged with keeping a gambling house was called but adjourned until Tuesday. The defence will on that day be represented by F. Gregory.

"For once I'm going to have my own weigh," she said as she stepped on the scale and deposited a penny in the slot.

The sky is so blue at this season of the year that the earth grows green with jealousy.

LOST AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Number of Articles Reached 4500—Only One-Third Called For.

The lost-and-found bureau at the World's fair was located at the opening of the exposition in the terminal station, and was in charge of the secret service department of the fair. Here it remained until some time in August, when it was removed to quarters in the service building and placed under the control of Auditor Ackerman. Guards and employes generally were entrusted to hand over to this bureau any articles found on the grounds, and visitors finding any lost articles generally turned them over to the guards, who in turn deposited them with the lost-and-found bureau. The list given below would indicate that a very large percentage of lost articles found their way to the bureau. More than 4500 articles were found there during the time the exposition was open. This seems at first glance to be a large number, but when it is remembered that nearly twenty five million people visited the fair between May 1 and October 30, it appears that only one person in five hundred was so unfortunate as to lose anything.

Articles received by the bureau were numbered and entered upon the records name of finder, date and description of article being given, and were then placed upon the shelves to await the claimant. In a short time quite a collection was gathered, the list comprising all kinds of property, from stick pins to bayonets, from pocket handkerchiefs to overcoats, and from false teeth to electric motors. If the auditor had displayed some gilded balls over the door and advertised his collection as the only exhibit on the grounds of that international institution, a pawnshop, he would have had a throng of visitors to visit it every day.

About 33 per cent. of the articles found were restored to their owners. The remainder were held until March 15, 1894, when, with the exception of the rings, bracelets, watches, pins, eyeglasses, spectacles and opera glasses, they were sold to the highest bidder. The articles not sold will be held for some time before being disposed of.

The greatest number of any one article received by the bureau was of umbrellas, there being 1358 in all. Ladies' wraps came second, with a list of 1095. When the articles were sold in March there were 1004 umbrellas of various sizes closed out at 20 cents a piece. As 1358 were received, 354 must have been delivered to their owners. This goes to prove that there is still a very general belief in the old story that no man is honest when it comes to a question of umbrellas. One thousand and four individuals from divers states and countries, awakening to the fact that they had walked away from the bench where they had been resting their tired limbs, or from the booth where they had been making their purchases, or from the lunch counter where they had been refreshing themselves, leaving behind them their gold-headed silk, or straight stick, faded cotton companion, turned not to search for them either at the place where they knew they had left them or at the office of the lost-and-found department, but walked steadily ahead in search of new wonders, grumbling, perhaps, at their ill luck, and saying in their hearts, "There is no faith, no dependance to be placed in man when it comes to a question of umbrellas."

One thousand and thirty-five women, forgetting themselves in the beauty of their surroundings, entranced by the glories of the electric fountains and the shifting paths of light from the giant search light, or filled with delight as they gazed at the treasures of the art palace or the manufactures building or the woman's building, took up their homeward journey, but failed at the same time to take up their wraps from the bench or where they had placed them, and consequently the lost-and-found department had 1095 extra entries to make, and 1095 packages were added to the collection on the shelves. Its is said that women are more persistent than men.

At any rate, only 584 wraps were sold on March 15, which shows that 511 of the 1095 ladies who lost cloaks or wraps at the fair rested not until they had learned from the guards that there was a lost-and-found bureau on the grounds, and its exact location, and thither they went and reclaimed their own.

On the list are 141 handbags containing money and 216 empty; 443 pocketbooks containing money and 218 empty. What stories might have been told by these 434 empty handbags and pocketbooks. Stories of owners saving, hoarding, week after week, month after month, to gather money to take them to see the great fair.

The largest amount of money found in any one purse was $101.25; the largest amount in a single roll was $300. The total amount found was $2301.85, and all of this but about 300 was claimed by the owners.

Ninety-nine pairs of glasses are on the list of lost-and-found, mementos of the absent-mindedness of those who pride themselves on their poise and composure. Under the head, "Implements of War and the Chase," might have been grouped the bayonet, the revolver, the billy and the shoulder straps, and each could probably tell an interesting story of its being entered on the list of lost-and-found.

Of the 123 satchels found, 71 were sold at auction.

Who lost that motor and that typewriter stand?

Was it the same man who tried to steal the lagoon?

Beggar—"Have you a copper you can spare, sir?"

Carleton—"Yes; you will find him in the kitchen, making love to the cook."

Trus' not too each accusin' tongue,
As mos' pur ens do,
But still believe dat story false
Which ought not be be true.

THE CHURCHES.

(Announcements under this head are free. To ensure insertion the copy must be received before 3 p. m. on Saturday.)

St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West—Service at the usual hours. Rev. D. MacRae, pastor.

Services at the Metropolitan church will be held at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sermons by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A. The subject in the evening will be "Israel's Triumphant entrance into the Promised Land." Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. Adult class.

Emmanuel Baptist church—Pastor P. H. McEwen will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning subject, "The Chief Shepherd;" evening subject, "The Chief Physician." Song service in the evening. Sunday school and bible class at 2:30 p.m.

First Presbyterian church, corner Blanchard and Pandora streets—Pastor, Rev. Dr. Campbell. Morning subject, "The parable of the builders on the sand and rock;" evening, "The first Christian Martyr." A sermonet of five minutes is given every Sunday morning to the children. Subject to-morrow, "The chain-gang." Sunday school and pastor's bible class at 2:30.

The Rev. Wm. Leslie Clay, B.A., the newly inducted pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will preach at both services to-morrow. A full attendance of members and adherents is requested. All friends and strangers welcome.

Centra church, corner Pandora and Broad streets—Rev. P. McF. Macleod, pastor. Usual services morning and evening.

Centennial Methodist church—Rev. J. Hall, pastor. Morning, "Commendable strife;" evening, "Eternity." Prof. Rowlands will sing solo in evening entitled "Eternity."

Church of Our Lord (R.E.), Humboldt street—11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning subject, "The power of Christ scientifically considered;" evening subject, "Loose him and let him go." Preacher for the day, Rev. G. C. King.

Kings road Mission, corner Third street —Services as usual at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school, 3 p.m. Preacher, supply.

Rev. F. Hansen of Port Angeles, will hold services on the 24th of June at 10:30 a.m. in the schoolroom at the Reformed Episcopal church on Humboldt street. All Germans are invited to attend.

PERSONAL.

Miss F. Garesche is visiting Mrs. W. J. Macaulay of Rockland avenue.

Thomas A. Graham, of the Southern Pacific, returned to Tacoma last evening.

A. A. Gundy, of Westminster, leaves over the Northern Pacific to-night for Detroit.

F. M. Goodman, of the Southern Pacific, and party left last night for Alaska on the steamship Queen.

Hon. Geo. T. Myers, a prominent Columbia river canner, and member of the Oregon legislature, is at the Driard.

A. G. Moore, of the Northern Pacific general passenger office in St. Paul, is in the city and will spend a few days here.

Dr. and Mrs. Van Marter, of Tacoma, who came here on a yachting cruise, returned home on the Kingston last night.

D. R. Ross and his daughter, Miss Harriet Ross, returned home yesterday. The latter has been attending school at Chicago, and was met at Seattle by her father.

W. H. Fortier, chief clerk of the Union Depot Co., of Spokane, with his family is in the city. The family will spend the summer here.

The Rev. Dr. Wells, of Glasgow, one of the leading men in the Free church of Scotland, was in the city this week, and expressed himself greatly pleased with what he saw of the city and province, notwithstanding the floods, which he said were sinfully exaggerated in the eastern papers.

Rheumatism cured in a day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose generally benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—H E Connon, A L Ryals, R G Penn, H Darling, Chas Doering, M R Johnson, Mrs H E Troop, Mrs Capt Young, J W Harvey, Ben Hayes, G T Meyers, William Stuart, Rev J J Ashton, Rev C M Tate, Rev J P P Knox, C Millard, J P Fowlis, J J Walsh, Mrs Welsh, W A Farral, J A Yerex, K McLellan, M O'Connor, A Gundrick, E J Tracy.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—H B McNary and wife, D Bubner, Rev John Ward, Mrs LeBallister, A T Pritchard, Miss Ward, T Baxter, Mrs M Newman, M Worley and wife, E Ashley and wife, A G Moore, Mrs C W Anderson and child, W H Fortier and wife, Capt Gatten, Miss Olsen, C W McCracken, Dr Phillips, wife and daughter, P Sumer, X O Weredr, Mrs Jones, Dr C Martin, jr, E H Small, M Mullen, S B Nost, Mrs Lyle, W C Anderson and wife, Mrs Wighton, F O Ralph, Mrs McNeal, Jas O'Hear and wife, T Decker and wife, T J Gallagher, J B Wilcox, C H Pincus, J B Culky, T D Rainhall, D S Minor, C Miler, C J Wodbury, J A Benson, J W James, W Kirkpatrick, J R Williamson.

Per Str. Walla Walla from San Francisco—H Hoy, J T McIlmoyl, J E Phillips, J D Warren, L V Banngart and wife, Mrs Chamberlain and son, C J Savage, Wm Savage, Alex Cook, Mrs Cook, R Cassidy, Mrs J B Jones, Miss M E McIntosh, Miss Sherman, Mrs Porter, Wm Reid, C M Nash, Horace Stone, Mrs W E Curtis, Miss B J Howe, Miss E G Colburn, Wm Murphy, A S Velder and daughter, Mrs Clark, Miss Robb, Mrs L L Case.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Jas Wright, Mrs Jones, Mrs James, Mrs Croker, J R Thompson, W A Haines, Mrs F J Garner, Miss Maggie McKenzie, Miss Martha McKenzie, Mrs J D Agnew, Miss Agnew.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Lowenburg & Co, C Doering, J H Todd & Son, Hall & R. L Dickenson, Mrs J Lakov, Valo & Brooks, Ramsay Bros, Watson & Hall, Rev J J Watson, A Barker, W Blackie, City Plumbing Co, Vic R & F Mills, Cookson & Plows, Dom Ex Co.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—Wilson Bros, Nicholles & R, H S Fairall, McMillan & Hamilton.

Per Str. Walla Walla from San Francisco—Veddor, B & K M Co, Bissenger & Co, Canada Paint Co, C J O'Neil, D H Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, E B Marvin, Fell & Co, G A McCulloch, Hudson Bay Co, J & A Clearihue, J H Todd & Son, J A Sayward, J Barnsley & Co, L White & Co, L Dickinson, Langley & Co, Lawson & Bennett, Matthews Richards & T, Naval Storekeeper, P McQuade & Son, R Baker & Son, R P Rithet & Co, R Maynard, S Leiser & Co, Speed Bros, The Ames Holden Co, Valo & Brooks, Wilson Bros, B & K, Ewen & Co, care R Ward & Co, Fraser Valley Meat Market Co, F R Stewart, R C P Mills, T S Annandale, W F M Wks, Wm Tietjen, Hirst Bros, J H McMillan, L Ker, W K Heddle, A & M C Anderson, C S Philp, F R Stewart, McM & H, Winch & Bowen, H G Mather, care A Englehardt, Wells Fargo & Co.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Yondell & Sinclair, S Leiser, J Boscowitz & Son, E D Hill, D H Ross, B Van Volkenburg, Cookson & Plows, Chas Wright.

Rheumatism racks the system like a thumb-screw. It retreats before the power of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood.

BIRTH.

McGREGOR—At 94 Chatham street, on the 22nd inst., the wife of Geo. McGregor (marine engineer) of a son.

A TRUE SAYING

A DOLLAR EARNED IS A DOLLAR SAVED.

And YOU CAN DO IT by taking advantage of the CASH DISCOUNT and present low prices at the

ROCK BAY LUMBER YARD,
Ewen Morrison, Prop.

Tobacco is man's most universal luxury; the fragrant aroma of MASTIFF PLUG CUT starts people to pipe-smoking, even those who never used tobacco before.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

Take Away

a stone from a foundation and it is weakened; a picket from a fence gives it an ill appearance, the vacancy destroys its symmetry, and the void is at once apparent. A hole the size of a pin's head in a kitchen utensil detracts from its usefulness, and a spoke from the wheel of a vehicle at once causes comment. It is the same with the mouth of a human being. An absent tooth gives the mouth the appearance of an "aching void." The symmetry is forever gone, the features are distorted, and already the process of decay has begun. In time other teeth "go by the board," and then succeeds a row of blackened and disfigured stumps. Crown and bridge work is a specialty in dental science, and of which Dr. H. B. Findley is a master. By these processes the mouth is made whole, decay of teeth arrested and the features restored to their original appearance.

Dr. H. B. Findley,
Rooms 1 and 2,
86½ Government St.

Cord Wood.

Wanted, tenders for the supply of 150 cords of wood, to be delivered at Central and South Park Schools, until Thursday, 28th inst. Particulars at my office, corner Broad and Fort Streets.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

je21-td

J. MORLEY and E. DEMERS
Have taken over the
MARBLE BATHS
SHAVING PARLORS

In basement of Salmon's tobacco store, cor. Government and Yates streets. They have a competent man to manage their plain and Turkish baths, and can assure the public of first class service in every line of their business. j21-1w

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process).

Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.

All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.

All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

Groceries and Provisions
SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH.

A LOT OF
'49er Hams, Just In, 18c.
ALSO
'Frisco Saloon Pilot Bread, 8c.

R. H. JAMESON & CO.,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.

Just received a consignment of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at

83 JOHNSON STREET.

GREAT REDUCTIONS!
Waltham Watch Co.

P. S. Bartlett stem wind, $8.00; Appleton Tracey & Co., $15.00; all new movements. Elgin Watch Co., B. W. Raymond, $15.

S. A. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker, 68 1-2 Yates St.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

NOTICE.

Michigan St. from Menzies to Powell Sts. will be closed till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
je22-tf City Engineer.

WEILER BROS.,
ARE SHOWING
REFRIGATORS, ICE CREAM FREEZERS, ETC.,
Of the Latest and Best Makes.

Select your WALL PAPERS from the largest, best and most varied stock in British Columbia.

CARPET SWEEPERS in the best makes only.

CHENILLE TABLE COVERS AND CURTAINS in all the new art shades.

AWNINGS made to order; any style.

NOTE—Our latest arrivals include Oilcloths, Linoleums, Cork Carpet, Etc.

WEILER BROS.

Priestley's Dress Materials

Every lady should be interested in the fact that the Priestley's Dress Materials are to be had from the better class of dealers throughout Canada. For beauty, texture and enduring quality, they are unequalled. Manufactured as they are in pure wool, and in silk and wool interwoven, these goods have a soft richness which is a perfect delight to a lady of taste.

Priestley's goods are mostly in black, and in black and white.

A gown in Priestley's fabrics retains its style and beauty as long as there is anything of it left, hence they are the most economical for all classes.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

EX WARRIMOO

Australian Imports.

Corned Ox Tongue.
Whole Pine Apples in Syrup.
Sliced Pine Apples in Syrup.
Pine Apple Jam.

Very Fine Goods. Prices reasonable.

Erskine, Wall & Co
COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing
JOHN DODD,
je1-tf-d&w Nanaimo, B. C.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG,
my28-4m Proprietor.

ROSES

Extra strong plants of Choicest Old and New Varieties suitable for this climate.

Orders taken for fall delivery.

ANDREW OHLSON,
Oakland Nursery, Victoria, B.C.

Northwestern SS. Co.

STR. ROSALIE

Leaves Victoria from Turner, Beeton's wharf for Seattle via Port Townsend daily except Sundays, at 9 a.m., arriving at Seattle 5 p.m. Connecting with the Great Northern Railway for all points east. Also connecting with first class steamers for all points on Puget Sound. Returning leaves Seattle direct for Victoria 11:30 p.m., arriving at Victoria 6:30 a.m.

C. A. RATTRAY,
Agent.
Office Great Northern Ry., Government St.

BY ORDER OF SHIPPERS.

To close consignments, a shipment of the following will be sold at a considerable reduction under cost: Kirker & Co.'s Belfast Ginger Ale in cases (10 doz.); Lime Fruit Juice Cordial, Raspberry Vinegar; Brown & Polson's Corn Flour.

Terms cash.

ROBT. WARD & CO., Ld. L'bity.
Victoria, B. C., June 1st, 1894. 1m

NOTICE.

Menzies street, from Superior to Michigan street, will be closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
June 16-tf City Engineer.

Pendray's Soaps

STILL IN THE LEAD OF ALL THE GOODS IN THE SOAP LINE.

*****

Every Body . . .
. . . Uses Them.

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

FOR SALE

6 Lots—2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Parisian	June 23
Allan Line, Mongolian	June 30
Dominion Line, Oregon	June 23
Dominion Line, Sarnia	June 30
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	June 27
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	July 4
From New York.	
Cunard Line, Etruria	June 23
Cunard Line, Lucania	June 30
White Star Line, Teutonic	June 27
White Star Line, Britannic	July 4
American Line, Paris	June 27
American Line, Berlin	July 4
North Ger. Lloyd, Havel	June 27
North Ger. Lloyd, Kaiser	June 30
Anchor Line, City of Rome	June 30
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	July 7
Allan State Line, Nebraska	June 22
Allan State Line, California	July 6

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

NOTICE.

COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $250; 2nd prize, $150.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M. C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 3-1m